

Caput 17: Numeri Difficilēs

ūnō ōre dīcunt = they say with one voice (literally, with one mouth)

ā: from, out of, by	from dēnārius, dēnāriī
abest: he/she/it is absent; 3rd person singular present from absum, abesse, āfui, abfutūrum	dēsinit: he/she/it stops, finishes; 3rd person singular present from dēsino, dēsinerē, dēsivī, dēsitum
absēns: absent; singular masculine nominative from absēns	dīc: say!; singular active imperative from dīcō, dīcere, dīxī, dīctum
absentem: absent; singular masculine accusative from absēns	dīcere: to say; present active infinitive from dīcō, dīcere, dīxī, dīctum
ac: and	dīcis: you say; 2nd person singular present from dīcō, dīcere, dīxī, dīctum
ad: to, towards	dīcit: he/she/it says; 3rd person singular present from dīcō, dīcere, dīxī, dīctum
adhūc: still, yet, up-to-now	dīcitur: he/she/it is said; 3rd person singular present from dīcō, dīcere, dīxī, dīctum
aequās: equal; plural feminine accusative from aequus, aequa, aequum	dīcō: I say; 1st person singular present from dīcō, dīcere, dīxī, dīctum
aequē: equally	dīcunt: they say; 3rd person plural present from dīcō, dīcere, dīxī, dīctum
aliīs: other; plural masculine ablative from alius, alia, alium	difficile: difficult; singular neuter nominative from difficilis, difficile
aliud: other; singular neuter nominative from alius, alia, alium	difficilēs: difficult; plural masculine nominative or plural masculine accusative from difficilis, difficile
amicus: friend; singular masculine nominative from amicus, amicī	difficilis: difficult; singular masculine nominative from difficilis, difficile
an: or	digitis: fingers; plural masculine ablative from digitus, digitī
ante: before, in front	Diodōrus: Diodorus; singular masculine nominative from Diodōrus, Diodōrī
antequam: before	dīscere: to learn; present active infinitive from dīscō, dīscere, didicī, -
ās: as (Roman coin); singular masculine nominative from ās, assis	dīscimus: we learn; 1st person plural present from dīscō, dīscere, didicī, -
asinus: donkey; singular masculine nominative from asinus, asinī	discipuli: students; plural masculine nominative from discipulus, discipulī
aspicit: he/she/it looks at; 3rd person singular present from aspiciō, aspicerē, aspēxī, aspectum	discipulis: students; plural masculine dative from discipulus, discipulī
asse: as (Roman coin); singular masculine ablative from ās, assis	discipulō: student; singular masculine dative from discipulus, discipulī
assem: as (Roman coin); singular masculine accusative from ās, assis	discipulum: student; singular masculine accusative from discipulus, discipulī
assēs: assēs (Roman coin); plural masculine nominative or plural masculine accusative from ās, assis	discipulus: student; singular masculine nominative from discipulus, discipulī
at: and	dīscunt: they learn; 3rd person plural present from dīscō, dīscere, didicī, -
atque: and	dō: I give; 1st person singular present from dō, dare, dedī, datum
audi: hear!; singular active imperative from audiō, audire, audivī, auditum	docēre: to teach; present active infinitive from doceō, docēre, docuī, doctum
audit: he/she/it hears; 3rd person singular present from audiō, audire, audivī, auditum	docet: he/she/it teaches; 3rd person singular present from doceō, docēre, docuī, doctum
aut: or	doctus: learned, educated; singular masculine nominative from doctus, docta, doctum
bene: well	dormit: he/she/it sleeps; 3rd person singular present from dormiō, dormire, dormivī, dormitum
bonus: good; singular masculine nominative from bonus, bona, bonum	ducenti: 200; plural masculine nominative from ducentī
centēsimum: hundredth; singular neuter accusative from centēsimus, centēsima, centēsimum	duo: two; plural neuter accusative from duo
centum: 100; plural common accusative or plural common ablative or plural common nominative from centum	duodecim: 12; plural masculine nominative from duodecim
certum: certain; singular neuter accusative from certus, certa, certum	duodēquadrāgintā: 38; plural common nominative from duodēquadrāgintā
certus: certain; singular masculine nominative from certus, certa, certum	duodēquingūagintā: 48; plural common nominative from duodēquingūagintā
cōgitāre: to think; present active infinitive from cōgitō, cōgitāre, cōgitāvī, cōgitātum	duodēvigintī: 18; plural common nominative from duodēvigintī
cōgitās: you think; 2nd person singular present from cōgitō, cōgitāre, cōgitāvī, cōgitātum	duōs: two; plural masculine accusative from duo
cōgitō: I think; 1st person singular present from cōgitō, cōgitāre, cōgitāvī, cōgitātum	ecce: behold
computāre: to calculate; present active infinitive from computō, computāre, computāvī, computātum	ego: I; singular common nominative from ego
computās: you calculate; 2nd person singular present from computō, computāre, computāvī, computātum	emere: to buy; present active infinitive from emō, emere, ēmī, ēmptum
computat: he/she/it calculates; 3rd person singular present from computō, computāre, computāvī, computātum	eōrum: of them or their; plural masculine genitive from is, ea, id
cōnsidere: to sit down; present active infinitive from cōnsidō, cōnsidere, cōnsēdī, cōnsessum	ergō: therefore
cōnstant: they cost; 3rd person plural present from cōnstō, cōnstāre, cōnstī, -	es: you are; 2nd person singular present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
convenit: he/she/it befits; 3rd person singular present from conveniō, convenire, convēnī, conventum	esse: to be; present active infinitive from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
cum: when or with	est: he/she/it is; 3rd person singular present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
cūr: why	estis: you are; 2nd person plural present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
dare: to give; present active infinitive from dō, dare, dedī, datum	et: and
dat: he gives; 3rd person singular present from dō, dare, dedī, datum	etiam: also
decem: ten; plural masculine ablative or plural masculine nominative or plural masculine accusative from decem	eum: him; singular masculine accusative from is, ea, id
decimum: tenth; singular masculine accusative from decimus, decima, decimum	ex: out of
deinde: after	exemplis: examples; plural neuter ablative from exemplum, exemplī
dēmōnstrāre: to show; present active infinitive from dēmōnstrō, dēmōnstrāre, dēmōnstrāvī, dēmōnstrātum	exemplum: example; singular neuter nominative from exemplum, exemplī
dēnārii: denarii (Roman coin); plural masculine nominative from dēnārius, dēnāriī	exiguam: little, small, paltry; singular feminine accusative from exiguus, exigua, exiguum
dēnārium: denarius (Roman coin); singular masculine accusative from dēnārius, dēnāriī	
dēnārius: denarius (Roman coin); singular masculine nominative	

expectā: await!; singular active imperative from expectō, expectāre, expectāvī, expectātum
 facile: easy; singular neuter nominative from facilis, facile
 frāter: brother; singular masculine nominative from frāter, frātris
 frātre: brother; singular masculine ablative from frāter, frātris
 habeo: I have; 1st person singular present from habeo, habere, habuī, habitum
 habēs: you have; 2nd person singular present from habeo, habere, habuī, habitum
 hīc: here
 hoc: this; singular neuter accusative from hic, haec, hoc
 hōc: this; singular neuter ablative from hic, haec, hoc
 hodiē: today
 iam: now, already
 id: it; singular neuter nominative or singular neuter accusative from is, ea, id
 igitur: therefore
 iī: they; plural masculine nominative from is, ea, id
 ille: that; singular masculine nominative from ille, illa, illud
 in: in, on
 incertum: uncertain; singular neuter accusative or singular neuter nominative from incertus, incerta, incertum
 incertus: uncertain; singular masculine nominative from incertus, incerta, incertum
 indoctū: unlearned, ignorant; plural masculine nominative from indoctus, indocta, indoctum
 industriī: industrius; plural masculine nominative from industrius, industria, industrium
 industriō: industrius; singular masculine dative from industrius, industria, industrium
 industrius: industrius; singular masculine nominative from industrius, industria, industrium
 inimicus: enemy; singular masculine nominative from inimicus, inimici
 inquit: he/she/it says; 3rd person singular present from inquam, inquere
 interpellat: he/she/it interrupts; 3rd person singular present from interpellō, interpellāre, interpellāvī, interpellātum
 interrogāmini: you are asked; 2nd person plural present from interrogō, interrogāre, interrogāvī, interrogātum
 interrogāmur: we are asked; 1st person plural present from interrogō, interrogāre, interrogāvī, interrogātum
 interrogantī: asking; singular masculine dative present participle from interrogō, interrogāre, interrogāvī, interrogātum
 interrogantur: they are asked; 3rd person plural present from interrogō, interrogāre, interrogāvī, interrogātum
 interrogāris: you are asked; 2nd person singular present from interrogō, interrogāre, interrogāvī, interrogātum
 interrogat: he/she/it asks; 3rd person singular present from interrogō, interrogāre, interrogāvī, interrogātum
 interrogor: I am asked; 1st person singular present from interrogō, interrogāre, interrogāvī, interrogātum
 irātus: angry; singular masculine nominative from irātus, irāta, irātum
 is: he; singular masculine nominative from is, ea, id
 itaque: therefore
 iterum: again
 iubet: he/she/it commands; 3rd person singular present from iubeo, iubere, iussī, iussum
 laetāris: you rejoice; 2nd person singular present from laetor, laetāri, laetātum
 laetor: I rejoice; 1st person singular present from laetor, laetāri, laetātum
 largior: I give generously; 1st person singular present from largior, largiri, largitum
 largiri: to give generously; present active infinitive from largior, largiri, largitum
 largiris: you give generously; 2nd person singular present from largior, largiri, largitum
 largus: bountiful, munificent; singular masculine nominative from largus, larga, largum
 laudāmini: you are praised; 2nd person plural present from laudō, laudāre, laudāvī, laudātum
 laudāmur: we are praised; 1st person plural present from laudō, laudāre, laudāvī, laudātum
 laudantur: they are praised; 3rd person plural present from laudō, laudāre, laudāvī, laudātum
 laudāris: you are praised; 2nd person singular present from laudō, laudāre, laudāvī, laudātum
 laudat: he/she/it praises; 3rd person singular present from laudō, laudāre, laudāvī, laudātum
 laudatur: he/she/it is praised; 3rd person singular present from laudō, laudāre, laudāvī, laudātum
 laudor: I am praised; 1st person singular present from laudō, laudāre, laudāvī, laudātum
 licet: it is permitted; 3rd person singular present from licet, licere, licui

litterās: letters, literature; plural feminine accusative from littera, litterae
 longum: long; singular neuter nominative from longus, longa, longum
 lūdō: school; singular masculine ablative from lūdus, lūdī
 magister: teacher; singular masculine nominative from magister, magistrī
 magistro: teacher; singular masculine ablative or singular masculine dative from magister, magistrī
 māla: apples; plural neuter nominative or plural neuter accusative from mālum, māli
 manum: hand; singular feminine accusative from manus, manūs
 Mārce: Marcus; singular masculine vocative from Mārcus, Mārci
 Mārci: Marcus's; singular masculine genitive from Mārcus, Mārci
 Mārcum: Marcus; singular masculine accusative from Mārcus, Mārci
 Mārcus: Marcus; singular masculine nominative from Mārcus, Mārci
 mē: me; singular common ablative from ego
 meam: my; singular feminine accusative from meus
 meō: my; singular masculine dative from meus
 meus: my; singular masculine nominative from meus
 mihi: me; singular common dative from ego
 mille: thousand; singular common accusative or singular common nominative from mille, mille
 modō: way, manner; singular masculine ablative from modus, modi
 multās: many, much; plural feminine accusative from multus, multa, multum
 multis: many, much; plural neuter ablative from multus, multa, multum
 nam: for, because
 nec: not
 necesse: necessary; singular common nominative from necesse
 nēmō: no one; singular common nominative from nēmō
 nesciunt: they don't know; 3rd person plural present from nesciō, nescire, nescivī, nescitum
 nihil: nothing; singular nominative from nihil
 nimis: too much, extremely
 nōn: not
 nōnāgintā: 90; plural masculine nominative from nōnāgintā
 nōndum: not yet
 nōngentī: 900
 nōnne: not; -ne makes something a question
 nōs: we; plural common nominative from ego
 novem: 9; plural common nominative from novem
 nullum: no, none; singular neuter nominative from nullus, nūlla, nūllum
 numerās: you count; 2nd person singular present from numerō, numerāre, numerāvī, numerātum
 numerī: numbers; plural masculine nominative from numerus, numeri
 numerōs: numbers; plural masculine accusative from numerus, numeri
 numerum: number; singular masculine accusative from numerus, numeri
 numerus: number; singular masculine nominative from numerus, numeri
 nummōs: coins; plural masculine accusative from nummus, nummi
 numquam: never
 nunc: now
 Ō: O (interjection of address)
 octingentī: 800
 octō: 8; plural masculine nominative from octō
 octōgintā: 80; plural common nominative from octōgintā
 omnēs: all, every; plural masculine accusative or plural masculine nominative from omnis, omne
 oportet: it is necessary; 3rd person singular present from oportet, oportere, oportuī
 opperior: I wait for; 1st person singular present from opperior, opperiri, oppertum
 ōre: mouth; singular neuter ablative from ōs, ōris
 ostendēs: showing; singular masculine nominative present participle from ostendō, ostendere, ostendī, ostentum
 partēs: parts; plural feminine accusative from pars, partis
 partīmini: you share, divide; 2nd person plural present from partior, partiri, partitum
 partior: I share, divide; 1st person singular present from partior, partiri, partitum
 partiri: to share, divide; present active infinitive from partior, partiri, partitum
 partiris: you share, divide; 2nd person singular present from partior, partiri, partitum
 pater: father; singular masculine nominative from pater, patris
 patri: father; singular masculine dative from pater, patris
 patribus: fathers; plural masculine dative from pater, patris

paulum: little; singular neuter accusative from paulus, paula, paulum
 pecūniam: money; singular feminine accusative from pecūnia, pecūniae
 piger: lazy; singular masculine nominative from piger, pigra, pigrum
 possum: I can; 1st person singular present from possum, posse, potui
 postrēmō: finally
 potes: you can; 2nd person singular present from possum, posse, potui
 potest: he/she/it can; 3rd person singular present from possum, posse, potui
 praetereā: besides, and also
 prāve: wrongly
 prāvum: wrong; singular neuter nominative from prāvus, prāva, prāvum
 prīmum: first
 prōmit: he/she/it takes out; 3rd person singular present from prōmō, prōmere, prōmpsi, prōmptum
 prūdēns: prudent, competent; singular masculine nominative from prūdēns, prūdēns
 prūdētēs: prudent, competent; plural masculine nominative from prūdēns, prūdēns
 puer: boy; singular masculine nominative from puer, pueri
 pueri: boys; plural masculine nominative from puer, pueri
 puerōs: boys; plural masculine accusative from puer, pueri
 putās: you think; 2nd person singular present from putō, putāre, putāvī, putātum
 quadrāgintā: 40; plural common nominative from quadrāgintā
 quadringentī: 400
 quam: as
 quamquam: although
 quārē: why?
 quās: which; plural feminine accusative from quis
 quattuor: four; plural masculine nominative from quattuor
 quattuordecim: 14; plural common nominative from quattuordecim
 quemque: each one; singular masculine accusative from quisque
 quī: who; singular masculine nominative from quī or plural masculine nominative from quis
 quia: because
 quīdecim: 15; plural common nominative from quīdecim
 quīngentī: 500
 quīnquāgintā: 50; plural common nominative from quīnquāgintā
 quīnque: five; plural masculine nominative from quīnque
 Quintus: Quintus; singular masculine nominative from Quintus, Quinti
 quisque: each one; singular masculine nominative from quisque
 quod: because or what or which; singular neuter nominative from quī or
 quoque: also
 quot: how many?
 recitare: to recite; present active infinitive from recitō, recitāre, recitāvī, recitātum
 rēctē: rightly
 rēctum: correct; singular neuter accusative or singular neuter nominative from rēctus, rēcta, rēctum
 repōnit: he/she/it puts back; 3rd person singular present from repōnō, repōnere, repōsi, repositum
 reprehendere: to blame; present active infinitive from reprehendō, reprehendere, reprehendī, reprehēnsūm
 reprehēndis: you are blamed; 2nd person singular present from reprehendō, reprehendere, reprehendī, reprehēnsūm
 reprehēndimī: you are blamed; 2nd person plural present from reprehendō, reprehendere, reprehendī, reprehēnsūm
 reprehēndimur: we are blamed; 1st person plural present from reprehendō, reprehendere, reprehendī, reprehēnsūm
 reprehēndit: he/she/it blames; 3rd person singular present from reprehendō, reprehendere, reprehendī, reprehēnsūm
 reprehendor: I am blamed; 1st person singular present from reprehendō, reprehendere, reprehendī, reprehēnsūm
 reprehēnduntur: they are blamed; 3rd person plural present from reprehendō, reprehendere, reprehendī, reprehēnsūm
 rēs: things; plural feminine accusative from rēs, rei
 respondēmus: we respond; 1st person plural present from respondeō, respondēre, respondi, respōnsūm
 respondent: they respond; 3rd person plural present from respondeō, respondēre, respondi, respōnsūm
 respondeō: I respond; 1st person singular present from respondeō, respondēre, respondi, respōnsūm
 respondeō, respondēre, respondi, respōnsūm
 respondēre: to respond; present active infinitive from respondeō, respondēre, respondi, respōnsūm
 respondēs: you respond; 2nd person singular present from respondeō, respondēre, respondi, respōnsūm
 respondet: he/she/it responds; 3rd person singular present from respondeō, respondēre, respondi, respōnsūm
 respondētis: you respond; 2nd person plural present from respondeō, respondēre, respondi, respōnsūm

respōnsum: answer; singular neuter accusative or singular neuter nominative from respōnsum, respōnsi
 sacculō: small bag; singular masculine ablative from sacculus, sacculi
 saepe: often
 satis: enough
 sciō: I know; 1st person singular present from sciō, scīre, scīvī, scītum
 scīre: to know; present active infinitive from sciō, scīre, scīvī, scītum
 scit: he/she/it knows; 3rd person singular present from sciō, scīre, scīvī, scītum
 scītis: you know; 2nd person plural present from sciō, scīre, scīvī, scītum
 sē: him; singular masculine accusative from sē
 sed: but
 sēdecim: 16; plural common nominative from sēdecim
 sellam: chair; singular feminine accusative from sella, sellae
 semper: always
 septem: 7; plural masculine nominative from septem
 septemdecim: 17; plural common nominative from septemdecim
 septingentī: 700
 septuāgintā: 70; plural common nominative from septuāgintā
 sēscentī: 600
 sēstertii: sesterces (Roman coin); plural masculine nominative from sēstertius, sēstertii
 sēstertius: sesterce (Roman coin); singular masculine nominative from sēstertius, sēstertii
 sex: six; plural masculine accusative from sex
 sexāgintā: 60; plural masculine nominative from sexāgintā
 Sexte: Sextus; singular masculine vocative from Sextus, Sexti
 Sexti: Sextus's; singular masculine genitive from Sextus, Sexti
 Sextō: Sextus; singular masculine dative from Sextus, Sexti
 Sextum: Sextus; singular masculine accusative from Sextus, Sexti
 Sextus: Sextus; singular masculine nominative from Sextus, Sexti
 sī: if
 simul: together, at the same time
 stant: they stand; 3rd person plural present from stō, stāre, stetī, statum
 statim: immediately
 stultē: foolishly
 stultus: foolish, stupid; singular masculine nominative from stultus, stulta, stultum
 suam: their; singular feminine accusative from suus
 sum: I am; 1st person singular present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
 sunt: they are; 3rd person plural present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
 suō: his; singular masculine ablative from suus
 tacēte: be silent!; plural active imperative from taceō, tacēre, tacuī, tacitum
 tacitī: silent; plural masculine nominative from tacitus, tacita, tacitum
 tam: as, as much or so
 tantum: only, alone, just
 tē: you; singular common accusative from tū
 tempus: time, season; singular neuter nominative from tempus, temporis
 tibi: you; singular common dative from tū
 Tite: Titus; singular masculine vocative from Titus, Titī
 Titi: Titus's; singular masculine genitive from Titus, Titī
 Titum: Titus; singular masculine accusative from Titus, Titī
 Titus: Titus; singular masculine nominative from Titus, Titī
 tollēs: raising; singular masculine nominative present participle from tollō, tollere, sustulī, sublātum
 tollit: he raises; 3rd person singular present from tollō, tollere, sustulī, sublātum
 tot: so many
 trecentī: 300; plural masculine nominative from trecentī
 trēdecim: 13; plural common nominative from trēdecim
 tria: three; plural neuter nominative from trēs
 trīgintā: 30; plural common nominative from trīgintā
 tū: you; singular common nominative from tū
 tuam: your; singular feminine accusative from tuus
 tum: then
 tuō: your; singular masculine ablative from tuus
 tuus: your; singular neuter accusative from tuus
 tuus: your; singular masculine nominative from tuus
 undecim: 11; plural common nominative from undecim
 undēquadrāgintā: 39; plural common nominative from undēquadrāgintā
 undēvigintī: 19; plural common nominative from undēvigintī
 ūnō: one; singular neuter ablative or singular masculine ablative from ūnus, ūna, ūnum
 ūnus: one; singular masculine nominative from ūnus, ūna, ūnum
 ūsque: up to, until
 ut: as, like

verba: words; plural neuter accusative from verbum, verbī
verēminī: you fear; 2nd person plural present from vereor,
verēri, veritum
verēmur: we fear; 1st person plural present from vereor, verēri,
veritum
vērō: and
vestrīs: your; plural masculine dative from vester
vīgintī: 20; plural masculine nominative from vīgintī
vir: man; singular masculine nominative from vir, virī
virgam: stick; singular feminine accusative from virga, virgae
vōs: you; plural common nominative from tū
vult: he/she/it wants; 3rd person singular present from velle