

Caput 19: Maritus et Uxor

māter familiās means the mother of a family, the lady of the house

Mārcus octō annōs habet = Marcus has eight years = Marcus is eight years old

Quintus nōn tantus est quantus Mārcus nec tam parvus quam Iūlia = Quintus is not as big as Marcus nor as small as Julia

domus can be masculine or feminine

Annō post = a year later

Quantus est deōrum ergā nōs amor = How great is the love of the gods towards us.

Nōnne intellegis nōn modo amōrem nostrum sed etiam familiam tempore augērī = Do you not understand that not only our love, but also (our) family to be increased by time?

ā: from, out of, by

ab: from, out of, by

aberat: it was away; 3rd person singular imperfect from absūm, abesse, āfui, abfutūrum

ac: and

accipiēbās: you were taking, receiving; 2nd person singular imperfect from accipiō, accipere, accēpi, acceptum

accipiēbat: she was taking, receiving; 3rd person singular imperfect from accipiō, accipere, accēpi, acceptum

ad: to, towards

adhūc: still, yet, up-to-now

adulēscēns: young person; singular common nominative from adulēscēns, adulēscētis

adulēscēntē: young person; singular common ablative from adulēscēns, adulēscētis

adulēscētium: of the young persons; plural common genitive from adulēscēns, adulēscētis

Aemilia: Aemilia; singular feminine ablative from Aemilia, Aemiliae

Aemilia: Aemilia; singular feminine nominative from Aemilia, Aemiliae

Aemiliae: Aemilia's; singular feminine genitive from Aemilia, Aemiliae

Aemiliam: Aemilia; singular feminine accusative from Aemilia, Aemiliae

aliā: other; singular feminine ablative from alius, alia, alium

alia: other; plural neuter nominative from alius, alia, alium

aliam: other; singular feminine accusative from alius, alia, alium

aliās: other; plural feminine accusative from alius, alia, alium

aliōs: other; plural masculine accusative from alius, alia, alium

aliōsque: other; plural masculine accusative from alius, alia, alium; -que adds 'and' in front of a word

alium: other; singular masculine accusative from alius, alia, alium

alterius: other; singular masculine genitive from alter, altera, alterum

alterum: other; singular neuter nominative from alter, altera, alterum

altis: high; plural feminine ablative from altus, alta, altum

amābam: I was loving; 1st person singular imperfect from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amābar: I was being loved; 1st person singular imperfect from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amābāris: you were being loved; 2nd person singular imperfect from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amābās: you were loving; 2nd person singular imperfect from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amābat: he/she was loving; 3rd person singular imperfect from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amābātur: he was being loved; 3rd person singular imperfect from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amantēs: loving; plural masculine nominative present participle from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amat: he/she loves; 3rd person singular present from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amātur: he is loved; 3rd person singular present from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

ambulant: they walk; 3rd person plural present from ambulō, ambulāre, ambulāvī, ambulātum

ambulat: he walks; 3rd person singular present from ambulō, ambulāre, ambulāvī, ambulātum

amicam: friend; singular feminine accusative from amīca, amīcae

amō: I love; 1st person singular present from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amor: love; singular masculine nominative from amor, amōris

amōre: love; singular masculine ablative from amor, amōris

amōrem: love; singular masculine accusative from amor, amōris

amōris: of love; singular masculine genitive from amor, amōris

annī: years; plural masculine nominative from annus, annī

annīs: years; plural masculine ablative from annus, annī

annō: year; singular masculine ablative from annus, annī

annōrum: of the years; plural masculine genitive from annus, annī

annōs: years; plural masculine accusative from annus, annī

ante: before

appellābat: he was calling; 3rd person singular imperfect from

appellō, appellāre, appellāvī, appellātum

appellat: she calls; 3rd person singular present from appellō, appellāre, appellāvī, appellātum

apud: at, by, near

Ariminum: Rimini (Italy); singular nominative from Ariminum, Arimini

aspicit: she looks at; 3rd person singular present from aspiciō, aspicere, aspēxi, aspectum

at: and

atque: and

augērī: to be increased; present passive infinitive from augeō, augēre, auxī, auctum

auget: it increases; 3rd person singular present from augeō, augēre, auxī, auctum

beāta: happy; singular feminine nominative from beātus, beāta, beātum

beātī: happy; plural masculine nominative from beātus, beāta, beātum

bona: good; singular feminine nominative from bonus, bona, bonum

bonum: good; singular masculine accusative from bonus, bona, bonum

bonus: good; singular masculine nominative from bonus, bona, bonum

Capitōliō: the Capitoline Hill in Rome; singular ablative from Capitōlium, Capitōliī

Capitōlium: the Capitoline Hill in Rome; singular accusative from Capitōlium, Capitōliī

Capua: Capua, a city in Italy; singular nominative from Capua, Capuae

certē: certainly

cibum: food; singular masculine accusative from cibus, cibī

circum: around

cōgitābam: I was thinking; 1st person singular imperfect from cōgitō, cōgitāre, cōgitāvī, cōgitātum

cōgitāns: thinking; singular masculine nominative present participle from cōgitō, cōgitāre, cōgitāvī, cōgitātum

collēs: hills; plural masculine accusative from collis, collis

columnāe: columns; plural feminine nominative from columna, columnae

columnās: columns; plural feminine accusative from columna, columnae

columnis: columns; plural feminine ablative from columna, columnae

coniugem: spouse; singular common accusative from coniūnx, coniugis

coniugēs: spouses; plural common nominative from coniūnx, coniugis

coniugum: of the spouses; plural common genitive from coniūnx, coniugis

coniūnx: spouse; singular common nominative from coniūnx, coniugis

conveniunt: they come together; 3rd person plural present from conveniō, convenire, convēni, conventum

cordibus: hearts; plural neuter ablative from cor, cordis

corpus: body; singular neuter nominative from corpus, corporis

cotidiē: daily

crassiōrem: more fat; singular feminine accusative from crassus, crassa, crassum

crassum: Crassus; singular masculine accusative from crassus, crassa, crassum

crassus: Crassus; singular masculine nominative from crassus, crassa, crassum

cui: whom; singular masculine dative from quī

cuius: whose; singular feminine genitive from quī

cum: when or with

Cupīdinem: Cupid; singular masculine accusative from Cupīdō, Cupīdinis

Cupīdinis: Cupid's; singular masculine genitive from Cupīdō, Cupīdinis

Cupīdō: Cupid; singular masculine nominative from Cupīdō, Cupīdinis

cūr: why

dabat: he was giving; 3rd person singular imperfect from dō, dare, dedi, datum

dē: from or of

dea: goddess; singular feminine nominative from dea, deae

deae: goddesses; plural feminine nominative from dea, deae
 deārum: of the goddesses; plural feminine genitive from dea, deae
 deae
 deās: goddesses; plural feminine accusative from dea, deae
 deāsque: goddesses; plural feminine accusative from dea, deae; -que adds 'and' in front of a word
 decem: ten; plural masculine accusative or plural masculine ablative or plural masculine nominative from decem
 deī: god's; singular masculine genitive from deus, deī
 dēlectant: they delight in; 3rd person plural present from dēlectō, dēlectāre, dēlectāvī, dēlectātum
 dēlectātur: she is delighted in; 3rd person singular present from dēlectō, dēlectāre, dēlectāvī, dēlectātum
 deōrum: of the gods; plural masculine genitive from deus, deī
 deōs: gods; plural masculine accusative from deus, deī
 deus: god; singular masculine nominative from deus, deī
 dīcere: to say; present active infinitive from dīcō, dīcere, dīxī, dictum
 dīcis: you say; 2nd person singular present from dīcō, dīcere, dīxī, dictum
 diēs: days; plural masculine-or-feminine accusative from diēs, diēī
 dīgna: worthy; singular feminine nominative from dīgnus, dīgna, dīgnum
 dīgnus: worthy; singular masculine nominative from dīgnus, dīgna, dīgnum
 dīves: rich; singular masculine nominative from dīves
 dīvitiissimō: very rich; singular masculine ablative from dīves
 domō: house; singular masculine ablative from domus, domūs
 domōs: houses; plural masculine accusative from domus, domūs
 domum: house; singular masculine accusative from domus, domūs
 domūs: houses; plural masculine nominative from domus, domūs
 domus: house; singular masculine nominative from domus, domūs
 dōna: gifts; plural neuter accusative from dōnum, dōnī
 dōnum: gift; singular neuter nominative from dōnum, dōnī
 dormiēbam: I was sleeping; 1st person singular imperfect from dormiō, dormire, dormivī, dormitum
 dormiēbat: he was sleeping; 3rd person singular imperfect from dormiō, dormire, dormivī, dormitum
 duōrum: two; plural neuter genitive or plural masculine genitive from duo
 eā: her; singular feminine ablative from is, ea, id
 ea: she; singular feminine nominative from is, ea, id
 eādem: the same; singular feminine ablative from idem
 eam: her; singular feminine accusative from is, ea, id
 edēbam: I was eating; 1st person singular imperfect from edō, edere, ēdī, ēsum
 edēbās: you were eating; 2nd person singular imperfect from edō, edere, ēdī, ēsum
 edō: I eat; 1st person singular present from edō, edere, ēdī, ēsum
 ego: I; singular common nominative from ego
 ei: him; singular masculine dative from is, ea, id
 eius: hers or his; singular masculine genitive or singular feminine genitive from is, ea, id
 enim: for, because
 eō: him or it; singular masculine ablative or singular neuter ablative from is, ea, id
 eōdem: the same; singular neuter ablative from idem
 eōrum: their; plural masculine genitive from is, ea, id
 epistulae: letters; plural feminine nominative from epistula, epistulae
 epistulās: letters; plural feminine accusative from epistula, epistulae
 epistulis: letters; plural feminine ablative from epistula, epistulae
 eram: I was; 1st person singular imperfect from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
 erāmus: we were; 1st person plural imperfect from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
 erant: they were; 3rd person plural imperfect from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
 erās: you were; 2nd person singular imperfect from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
 erat: he/she was; 3rd person singular imperfect from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
 erātis: you were; 2nd person plural imperfect from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
 ergā: towards, against
 ergō: therefore
 ēs: you eat; 2nd person singular present from edō, edere, ēdī, ēsum
 es: you are; 2nd person singular present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
 est: he/she/it is; 3rd person singular present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
 et: and
 etiam: also or still or yet
 eum: him; singular masculine accusative from is, ea, id
 ex: from
 excitāre: to wake/stir up; present active infinitive from excitō, excitāre, excitāvī, excitātum
 exiguā: little, small, paltry; singular feminine ablative from exiguus, exigua, exiguum
 exiguum: little, small, paltry; singular feminine accusative from exiguus, exigua, exiguum
 faciem: face, appearance; singular neuter accusative from faciēs, faciēī
 familiā: family; singular feminine ablative from familia, familiae
 familiam: family; singular feminine accusative from familia, familiae
 familiās: of the family; singular feminine genitive from familia, familiae
 fēmina: woman; singular feminine nominative from fēmina, fēminae
 fēminam: woman; singular feminine accusative from fēmina, fēminae
 fēminārum: of the women; plural feminine genitive from fēmina, fēminae
 fierī: to become; present active infinitive from fiō, fierī, factum
 filiae: daughter's; singular feminine genitive from filia, filiae
 filiī: sons; plural masculine nominative from filius, filiī
 filiōrum: of the sons; plural masculine genitive from filius, filiī
 filius: son; singular masculine nominative from filius, filiī
 flōrēs: flowers; plural masculine accusative or plural masculine nominative from flōs, flōris
 fōrmam: form, shape, appearance; singular feminine accusative from fōrma, fōrmae
 fōrmōsa: beautiful; singular feminine nominative from fōrmōsus, fōrmōsa, fōrmōsum
 forō: market, forum; singular neuter ablative from forum, forī
 forum: market, forum; singular neuter nominative or singular neuter accusative from forum, forī
 gracilior: thinner; singular feminine nominative from gracilis, gracile
 gracilis: thin; singular feminine nominative from gracilis, gracile
 gracilius: thinner; singular neuter nominative from gracilis, gracile
 habēbam: I was having; 1st person singular imperfect from habēō, habēre, habuī, habitum
 habēbāmus: we were having; 1st person plural imperfect from habēō, habēre, habuī, habitum
 habēbat: he was having; 3rd person singular imperfect from habēō, habēre, habuī, habitum
 habēbātis: you were having; 2nd person plural imperfect from habēō, habēre, habuī, habitum
 habēmus: we have; 1st person plural present from habēō, habēre, habuī, habitum
 habēō: I have; 1st person singular present from habēō, habēre, habuī, habitum
 habet: he/she/it has; 3rd person singular present from habēō, habēre, habuī, habitum
 habitābāmus: we were inhabiting; 1st person plural imperfect from habitō, habitāre, habitāvī, habitātum
 habitābant: they were inhabiting; 3rd person plural imperfect from habitō, habitāre, habitāvī, habitātum
 habitābat: he/she was inhabiting; 3rd person singular imperfect from habitō, habitāre, habitāvī, habitātum
 habitābātis: you were inhabiting; 2nd person plural imperfect from habitō, habitāre, habitāvī, habitātum
 habitāmus: we inhabit; 1st person plural present from habitō, habitāre, habitāvī, habitātum
 habitant: they inhabit; 3rd person plural present from habitō, habitāre, habitāvī, habitātum
 habitantēs: inhabiting; plural masculine nominative present participle from habitō, habitāre, habitāvī, habitātum
 hāc: this; singular feminine ablative from hic, haec, hoc
 hae: these; plural feminine nominative from hic, haec, hoc
 haec: these; plural neuter nominative from hic, haec, hoc
 hī: these; plural masculine nominative from hic, haec, hoc
 hīc: here
 hoc: this; singular neuter accusative or singular neuter nominative from hic, haec, hoc
 hodiē: today
 hominēs: persons; plural masculine nominative or plural masculine accusative from homō, hominis
 hominum: of the persons; plural masculine genitive from homō, hominis
 homō: person; singular masculine nominative from homō, hominis
 iam: now, already
 id: it; singular neuter accusative from is, ea, id
 igitur: therefore
 ille: that; singular masculine nominative from ille, illa, illud
 illō: that; singular neuter ablative from ille, illa, illud

immō: rather, to the contrary
imperī: empire's, commands; singular neuter genitive from imperium, imperiī
in: in, on
initio: beginning; singular neuter ablative from initium, initii
inquit: he/she says; 3rd person singular present from inquam, inquare
intellegis: you understand; 2nd person singular present from intellego, intellegere, intellexi, intellectum
inter: among, between
intuēns: looking at; singular masculine nominative present participle from intueor, intuēri, intuitum
invocant: they invoke; 3rd person plural present from invocō, invocāre, invocāvi, invocātum
Iovis: Jupiter's; singular genitive from Iuppiter, Iovis
ipsa: herself; singular feminine nominative from ipse, ipsa, ipsum
ipsi: ourselves; plural masculine nominative from ipse, ipsa, ipsum
ipsius: herself's; singular feminine genitive from ipse, ipsa, ipsum
is: he; singular masculine nominative from is, ea, id
ita: thus, in this manner
Italiā: Italy; singular feminine ablative from Italia, Italiae
itaque: therefore
item: also, likewise, further
iterum: again
Iūli: Julius; singular vocative from Iūlius, Iūliī
Iūlia: Julia; singular feminine nominative from Iūlia, Iūliae
Iūlii: Julius's; singular masculine genitive from Iūlius, Iūliī
Iūliō: Julius; singular masculine ablative from Iūlius, Iūliī
Iūlium: Julius; singular masculine accusative from Iūlius, Iūliī
Iūlius: Julius; singular masculine nominative from Iūlius, Iūliī
Iūnō: Juno; singular feminine nominative from Iūnō, Iūnōnis
Iūnōnem: Juno; singular feminine accusative from Iūnō, Iūnōnis
Iūnōnis: Juno's; singular feminine genitive from Iūnō, Iūnōnis
Iuppiter: Jupiter; singular nominative from Iuppiter, Iovis
laudābatur: it was being praised; 3rd person singular imperfect from laudō, laudāre, laudāvi, laudātum
laudant: they praise; 3rd person plural present from laudō, laudāre, laudāvi, laudātum
laudātur: it is praised; 3rd person singular present from laudō, laudāre, laudāvi, laudātum
legēbās: you were reading; 2nd person singular imperfect from lego, legere, lēgi, lēctum
legēbat: she was reading; 3rd person singular imperfect from lego, legere, lēgi, lēctum
liberi: children; plural masculine nominative from liber, liberi
liberōrum: of the children; plural masculine genitive from liber, liberi
liberōs: children; plural masculine accusative from liber, liberi
longum: long; singular neuter nominative from longus, longa, longum
agnā: big, large, great; singular feminine ablative from magnus, magna, magnum
magna: big, large, great; plural neuter nominative from magnus, magna, magnum
agnam: big, large, great; singular feminine accusative from magnus, magna, magnum
agnificā: magnificent; singular feminine ablative from magnificus, magnifica, magnificum
agnificae: magnificent; plural feminine nominative from magnificus, magnifica, magnificum
agnificās: magnificent; plural feminine accusative from magnificus, magnifica, magnificum
agnificis: magnificent; plural neuter ablative from magnificus, magnifica, magnificum
agnificum: magnificent; singular neuter nominative from magnificus, magnifica, magnificum
maior: bigger, greater; singular masculine nominative from magnus, magna, magnum
maius: bigger, greater; singular neuter nominative from magnus, magna, magnum
mala: bad, evil; singular feminine nominative from malus, mala, malum
male: badly
malus: bad, evil; singular masculine nominative from malus, mala, malum
Mārcus: Marcus; singular masculine nominative from Mārcus, Mārci
maritum: husband; singular masculine accusative from maritus, mariti
maritus: husband; singular masculine nominative from maritus, mariti
Mārs: Mars (a Roman god); singular masculine nominative from Mārs, Mārtis
Mārtis: Mars's (a Roman god); singular masculine genitive from Mārs, Mārtis
mātrēs: mothers; plural feminine nominative from māter, mātris

mātrōna: married woman; singular feminine nominative from mātrōna, mātrōnae
mātrōnarum: of the married women; plural feminine genitive from mātrōna, mātrōnae
maxima: very big, great; singular feminine nominative from magnus, magna, magnum
maximi: very big, great; singular masculine genitive from magnus, magna, magnum
maximum: biggest; singular masculine accusative from magnus, magna, magnum
mē: me; singular common accusative from ego
mea: my; singular feminine nominative from meus
mediā: middle; singular feminine ablative from medius, media, medium
melior: better; singular masculine nominative or singular feminine nominative from bonus, bona, bonum
meliōrem: better; singular feminine accusative from bonus, bona, bonum
melius: better; singular neuter nominative from bonus, bona, bonum
meō: my; singular masculine ablative from meus
meōs: my; plural masculine accusative from meus
meum: my; singular masculine accusative from meus
meus: my; singular masculine nominative from meus
mī: my; singular masculine vocative from meus
mihi: me; singular common dative from ego
minima: smallest; singular feminine nominative from parvus, parva, parvum
minor: smaller; singular masculine nominative from parvus, parva, parvum
minora: smaller; plural neuter nominative from parvus, parva, parvum
minuit: it diminishes; 3rd person singular present from minuō, minuere, minuī, minūtum
minuitur: it is diminished; 3rd person singular present from minuō, minuere, minuī, minūtum
minus: less or smaller
miser: miserable; singular masculine nominative from miser, misera, miserum
misera: miserable; singular feminine nominative from miser, misera, miserum
miserrima: very miserable; singular feminine nominative from miser, misera, miserum
miserrimus: very miserable; singular masculine nominative from miser, misera, miserum
mittēbam: I was sending; 1st person singular imperfect from mittō, mittere, misi, missum
mittēbās: you were sending; 2nd person singular imperfect from mittō, mittere, misi, missum
mittere: to send; present active infinitive from mittō, mittere, misi, missum
modo: only
mortuus: dead; singular masculine nominative from mortuus, mortua, mortuum
multa: many, much; plural neuter nominative or plural neuter accusative from multus, multa, multum
multae: many, much; plural feminine nominative from multus, multa, multum
multās: many, much; plural feminine accusative from multus, multa, multum
multāsque: many, much; plural feminine accusative from multus, multa, multum; -que adds 'and' in front of a word
multō: many, much; singular masculine ablative from multus, multa, multum
multōs: many, much; plural masculine accusative from multus, multa, multum
nam: for, because
nec: not
nēmō: no one; singular common nominative from nēmō
neque: nor, not either
nimis: too much, extremely
nocte: night; singular feminine ablative from nox, noctis
nōmen: name; singular neuter nominative from nōmen, nōminis
nōminābatur: he was being named/called; 3rd person singular imperfect from nōminō, nōmināre, nōmināvi, nōminātum
nōn: not
nōndum: not yet
nōnne: not; -ne makes something a question
nōs: us or we; plural common nominative or plural common accusative from ego
nostrā: our; singular feminine ablative from noster, nostra, nostrum
nostrōs: our; plural masculine accusative from noster, nostra, nostrum
nostrum: our; singular masculine accusative from noster, nostra, nostrum
nullam: no, none; singular feminine accusative from nullus, nulla, nullum
num: makes something a question

numquam: never
 nunc: now
 Ō: O (interjection of address)
 occultābat: he was hiding; 3rd person singular imperfect from occultō, occultāre, occultāvī, occultātum
 octō: 8; plural masculine accusative from octo
 omnēs: all, every; plural masculine accusative or plural masculine nominative from omnis, omne
 omnia: all, every; plural neuter accusative or plural neuter nominative from omnis, omne
 omnibus: all, every; plural masculine ablative or plural feminine ablative from omnis, omne
 omnium: all, every; plural feminine genitive or plural masculine genitive from omnis, omne
 oppida: cities; plural neuter nominative from oppidum, oppidī
 oppidum: city; singular neuter nominative from oppidum, oppidī
 optima: very good; singular feminine nominative from bonus, bona, bonum
 optimam: best; singular feminine accusative from bonus, bona, bonum
 optimē: very good; singular masculine vocative from bonus, bona, bonum
 optimi: best; singular masculine genitive from bonus, bona, bonum
 optimum: best; singular masculine accusative from bonus, bona, bonum
 opus: necessity; singular neuter nominative from opus, operis
 osculāns: kissing; singular masculine nominative present participle from osculor, osculārī, osculātum
 osculatur: he kisses; 3rd person singular present from osculor, osculārī, osculātum
 Ōstia: Ōstia (city near Rome); singular feminine nominative from Ōstia, Ōstiae
 Palātiō: the Palatine Hill in Rome; singular ablative from Palātium, Palātī
 Palātium: the Palatine Hill in Rome; singular accusative from Palātium, Palātī
 pārentēs: parents; plural nominative or plural accusative from pārentēs, pārentium
 pārentibus: parents; plural ablative from pārentēs, pārentium
 parvī: small; plural masculine nominative from parvus, parva, parvum
 parvus: small; singular masculine nominative from parvus, parva, parvum
 pater: father; singular masculine nominative from pater, patris
 paucōs: few; plural masculine accusative from paucus, pauca, paucum
 pauper: poor; singular masculine nominative or singular feminine nominative from pauper
 pauperem: poor; singular feminine accusative from pauper
 pauperēs: poor; plural masculine nominative from pauper
 pauperrima: very poor; singular feminine nominative from pauper
 pecūniam: money; singular feminine accusative from pecūnia, pecūniae
 pēior: worse; singular masculine nominative or singular feminine nominative from malus, mala, malum
 pēius: worse; singular neuter accusative from malus, mala, malum
 peristīli: colonnade's; singular neuter genitive from peristylum, peristylī
 peristylō: colonnade; singular neuter ablative from peristylum, peristylī
 peristylum: colonnade; singular neuter nominative from peristylum, peristylī
 pessima: worst; singular feminine nominative from malus, mala, malum
 pessimus: worst; singular masculine nominative from malus, mala, malum
 plūrēs: more; plural masculine nominative from multus, multa, multum
 plūrimās: very many; plural feminine accusative from multus, multa, multum
 plūrimōs: very many; plural masculine accusative from multus, multa, multum
 plūs: more; singular neuter accusative from multus, multa, multum
 possidēbat: he was owning; 3rd person singular imperfect from possideō, possidere, possēdī, possessum
 possunt: they can; 3rd person plural present from posse, potui
 post: after
 postremō: finally
 praeter: besides
 proba: good; singular feminine nominative from probus, proba, probum
 procul: far
 prope: nearly
 propter: because of
 prōvinciās: provinces; plural feminine ablative from prōvincia, prōvinciae
 puer: boy; singular masculine nominative from puer, puerī
 pulcherrima: most beautiful or very beautiful; singular feminine nominative from pulcher, pulchra, pulchrum
 pulcherrimōs: very beautiful; plural masculine accusative from pulcher, pulchra, pulchrum
 pulchra: beautiful; plural neuter nominative or singular feminine nominative from pulcher, pulchra, pulchrum
 pulchritūdinem: beauty; singular feminine accusative from pulchritūdō, pulchritūdinis
 pulchritūdinis: of beauty; singular feminine genitive from pulchritūdō, pulchritūdinis
 pulchritūdō: beauty; singular feminine nominative from pulchritūdō, pulchritūdinis
 putās: you think; 2nd person singular present from putō, putāre, putāvī, putātum
 quā: which; singular feminine ablative from quī
 quae: which or who; singular feminine nominative from quī
 quam: as or how? or than
 quamquam: although
 quantus: as or how much; singular masculine nominative from quantus
 quārē: why?
 quās: which; plural feminine accusative from quis
 quī: who; singular masculine nominative from quī
 quia: because
 quibus: which; plural feminine ablative from quī
 quīnque: five; plural masculine accusative from quīnque
 Quintus: Quintus; singular masculine nominative from Quintus, Quīntī
 quō: in which; singular neuter ablative from quis
 quod: because or what or whom; or singular neuter accusative from quī or singular neuter nominative from quī
 quoque: also
 quōs: which; plural masculine accusative from quis
 rēctē: rightly
 remittēbantur: they were being sent back; 3rd person plural imperfect from remittō, remittere, remisī, remissum
 remittēbās: you were sending back; 2nd person singular imperfect from remittō, remittere, remisī, remissum
 remittēbat: she was sending back; 3rd person singular imperfect from remittō, remittere, remisī, remissum
 respondet: he responds; 3rd person singular present from respondeō, responderē, respondi, respōnsum
 rīdēns: laughing; singular masculine nominative present participle from rideō, rīdēre, risī, risum
 Rōma: Rome; singular feminine nominative from Rōma, Rōmae
 Rōmā: Rome; singular feminine ablative from Rōma, Rōmae
 Rōmae: in Rome; feminine locative from Rōma, Rōmae
 Rōmānam: Roman; singular feminine accusative from Rōmānus, Rōmāna, Rōmānum
 Rōmānārum: Roman; plural feminine genitive from Rōmānus, Rōmāna, Rōmānum
 Rōmānī: Roman; singular masculine genitive from Rōmānus, Rōmāna, Rōmānum
 Rōmānis: Roman; plural feminine ablative from Rōmānus, Rōmāna, Rōmānum
 Rōmānō: Roman; singular masculine ablative from Rōmānus, Rōmāna, Rōmānum
 Rōmānum: Roman; singular neuter nominative or singular neuter accusative or singular masculine accusative from Rōmānus, Rōmāna, Rōmānum
 rosās: roses; plural feminine accusative from rosa, rosae
 salutābam: I was greeting; 1st person singular imperfect from salutō, salutāre, salutāvī, salutātum
 salutābās: you were greeting; 2nd person singular imperfect from salutō, salutāre, salutāvī, salutātum
 salutābat: she was greeting; 3rd person singular imperfect from salutō, salutāre, salutāvī, salutātum
 salutābātur: she was being greeted; 3rd person singular imperfect from salutō, salutāre, salutāvī, salutātum
 scribēbam: I was writing; 1st person singular imperfect from scribō, scribere, scripsī, scriptum
 scribēbās: you were writing; 2nd person singular imperfect from scribō, scribere, scripsī, scriptum
 scribēbat: he was writing; 3rd person singular imperfect from scribō, scribere, scripsī, scriptum
 sed: but
 semper: always
 septem: 7; plural masculine genitive from septem
 septendecim: seventeen
 signa: signs, seals; plural neuter accusative or plural neuter nominative from signum, signī
 signum: statue; singular neuter nominative or singular neuter accusative from signum, signī
 simul: together, at the same time
 solēbam: I was accustomed; 1st person singular imperfect from soleō, solēre, solitum

solēbat: he was accustomed; 3rd person singular imperfect from soleō, solēre, solitum
 solum: alone; singular masculine accusative from solum, sōla, solum
 solus: alone; singular masculine nominative from solum, sōla, solum
 spectans: observing; singular masculine nominative present participle from spectō, spectāre, spectāvī, spectātum
 stant: they stand; 3rd person plural present from stō, stāre, stētī, statum
 stultus: foolish, stupid; singular masculine nominative from stultus, stulta, stultum
 suā: his; singular feminine ablative from suus
 suam: his; singular feminine accusative from suus
 sub: under
 suīs: his; plural masculine ablative from suus
 sum: I am; 1st person singular present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
 sumus: we are; 1st person plural present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
 sunt: they are; 3rd person plural present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum
 suōs: her; plural masculine accusative from suus
 sustinētur: it is sustained, supported; 3rd person singular present from sustineō, sustinēre, sustinūī, sustentum
 suum: her or his; singular masculine accusative from suus
 tam: as, as much
 tamen: however
 tantus: such, so great; singular masculine nominative from tantus, tanta, tantum
 tē: you; singular common accusative from tū
 tectō: roof; singular neuter ablative from tectum, tectī
 tectum: roof; singular neuter nominative from tectum, tectī
 templa: temples; plural neuter nominative from templum, templī
 templum: temple; singular neuter nominative from templum, templī
 tempore: time, season; singular neuter ablative from tempus, temporis
 tempus: time, season; singular neuter nominative from tempus, temporis
 tertium: third; singular neuter nominative from tertius, tertia, tertium
 tibi: you; singular common dative from tū
 tōtā: whole, all; singular feminine ablative from tōtus, tōta, tōtum
 tōtius: whole, all; singular masculine genitive from tōtus, tōta, tōtum
 trēs: three; plural masculine accusative from trēs
 tria: three; plural neuter nominative from trēs
 trium: of three; plural masculine genitive from trēs
 tū: you; singular common nominative from tū
 tuam: your; singular feminine accusative from tuus
 tuī: your; plural masculine nominative from tuus
 tum: then
 tunc: then
 Tusculum: Tusculum (a city in ancient/medieval Rome); singular neuter nominative from Tusculum, Tusculī
 ūlla: any; singular feminine nominative from ūllus, ūlla, ūllum
 ūllā: any; singular feminine ablative from ūllus, ūlla, ūllum
 ūllam: any; singular feminine accusative from ūllus, ūlla, ūllum
 ūllum: any; singular masculine accusative from ūllus, ūlla, ūllum
 ūnam: one; singular feminine accusative from ūnus, ūna, ūnum
 ūnius: of one; singular feminine genitive from ūnus, ūna, ūnum
 ūnum: one; singular neuter nominative from ūnus, ūna, ūnum
 urbe: city; singular feminine ablative from urbs, urbis
 urbs: city; singular feminine nominative from urbs, urbis
 ut: as, like
 uxor: wife; singular feminine nominative from uxor, uxōris
 uxōre: wife; singular feminine ablative from uxor, uxōris
 uxōrem: wife; singular feminine accusative from uxor, uxōris
 uxōris: wife's; singular feminine genitive from uxor, uxōris
 Venerem: Venus; singular feminine accusative from Venus, Veneris
 Veneris: Venus's; singular feminine genitive from Venus, Veneris
 Venus: Venus; singular feminine nominative from Venus, Veneris
 verbis: words; plural neuter ablative from verbum, verbī
 verō: and
 vidēbam: I was seeing; 1st person singular imperfect from videō, vidēre, vidī, visum
 vidēbās: you were seeing; 2nd person singular imperfect from videō, vidēre, vidī, visum
 vidēbat: she was seeing; 3rd person singular imperfect from videō, vidēre, vidī, visum
 vīginti: 20; plural masculine genitive from vīginti
 villā: house; singular feminine ablative from villa, villae
 villam: house; singular feminine accusative from villa, villae
 villas: houses; plural feminine accusative from villa, villae
 vir: man; singular masculine nominative from vir, virī
 virginem: young woman, virgin; singular feminine accusative