

# Caput 21: Pugna Discipulōrum

quae Tusculō ad villam Iūlii fert = Which goes from Tusculum to the Julius's villa.  
Quā dē causā nōn omnia audivistī = For what reason did you not hear everything?

ā: from, out of, by  
ab: from, out of, by  
ac: and

ad: to, towards

adhūc: still, yet, up-to-now

Aemilia: Aemilia; singular feminine nominative from Aemilia, Aemiliae

age: go!; singular active imperative from agō, agere, egī, actum

ain: do you say? (ain' = ais-ne?)

aiō: I say; 1st person singular present from aiō, aiere

ais: you say; 2nd person singular present from aiō, aiere

ait: he says; 3rd person singular present from aiō, aiere

alia: other; plural neuter accusative from alius, alia, alium

aliamque: other; singular feminine accusative from alius, alia, alium; -que adds 'and' in front of a word

aliēnam: alien, another's; singular feminine accusative from aliēnus, aliēna, aliēnum

aliquid: something; singular neuter accusative from aliquid

aliquis: someone; singular masculine nominative from aliquid

aliud: other; singular neuter accusative from alius, alia, alium

ambulāverunt: they walked; 3rd person plural perfect from ambulō, ambulāre, ambulāvī, ambulātum

ambulāvit: he walked; 3rd person singular perfect from ambulō, ambulāre, ambulāvī, ambulātum

angustā: narrow; singular feminine ablative from angustus, angusta, angustum

antequam: before

appellātum: having been called; singular masculine accusative perfect participle from appellō, appellāre, appellāvī, appellātum

aspice: look at!; singular active imperative from aspiciō, aspicere, aspēxi, aspectum

at: and

atque: and

ātrium: atrium; singular neuter accusative from ātrium, ātrii

audisne: you hear; 2nd person singular present from audiō, audire, audivī, auditum; -ne makes something a question

audita: having been heard; singular feminine nominative perfect participle from audiō, audire, audivī, auditum

audiverunt: they heard; 3rd person plural perfect from audiō, audire, audivī, auditum

audivī: I heard; 1st person singular perfect from audiō, audire, audivī, auditum

audivisse: to have heard; perfect active infinitive from audiō, audire, audivī, auditum

audivistī: you heard; 2nd person singular perfect from audiō, audire, audivī, auditum

audivit: he heard; 3rd person singular perfect from audiō, audire, audivī, auditum

bonum: good; singular masculine accusative from bonus, bona, bonum

bonus: good; singular masculine nominative from bonus, bona, bonum

bōs: bull, cow; singular common nominative from bōs, bovis

candida: bright, white; plural neuter nominative from candidus, candida, candidum

candidam: bright, white; singular feminine accusative from candidus, candida, candidum

capitulum: chapter; singular neuter accusative from capitulum, capitulī

causā: cause, reason; singular feminine ablative from causa, causae

certē: certainly

cētera: other; plural neuter accusative from cēterus, cētera, cēterum

cēteri: other; plural masculine nominative from cēterus, cētera, cēterum

cognōscere: to recognize; present active infinitive from cognōscō, cognōscere, cognōvī, cognitum

cognōscit: he recognizes; 3rd person singular present from cognōscō, cognōscere, cognōvī, cognitum

cognōscitur: he is recognized; 3rd person singular present from cognōscō, cognōscere, cognōvī, cognitum

computāre: to calculate; present active infinitive from computō, computāre, computāvī, computātum

cōnātur: he tries; 3rd person singular present from cōnor, cōnārī, cōnātum

cōnspicēns: observing; singular masculine nominative present participle from cōnspiciō, cōnspicere, cōnspēxi, cōnspēctum

cōnspicit: she observes; 3rd person singular present from cōnspiciō, cōnspicere, cōnspēxi, cōnspēctum

cornibus: horns; plural neuter ablative from cornū, cornūs

cornū: horn; singular neuter ablative from cornū, cornūs

cornua: horns; plural neuter accusative from cornū, cornūs

crēde: believe!; singular active imperative from crēdō, crēdere, crēdidī, crēditum

crēdis: you believe; 2nd person singular present from crēdō, crēdere, crēdidī, crēditum

crēdit: he/she believes; 3rd person singular present from crēdō, crēdere, crēdidī, crēditum

cruōrem: blood, gore; singular masculine accusative from cruor, cruōris

cubiculum: room; singular neuter accusative from cubiculum, cubiculī

cuius: whose; singular feminine genitive from quī

cum: when or with

cūr: why

dabit: he will give; 3rd person singular future from dō, dare, dedi, datum

Dāvum: Dave; singular masculine accusative from Dāvus, Dāvī

Dāvus: Dave; singular masculine nominative from Dāvus, Dāvī

dē: from or of

decet: it is fitting; 3rd person singular present from decet, decēre, decuī

deinde: after

dicit: he says; 3rd person singular present from dicō, dicere, dixī, dictum

difficile: difficult; singular neuter nominative from difficilis, difficile

discipulī: students; plural masculine nominative from discipulus, discipulī

discipulōrum: of the students; plural masculine genitive from discipulus, discipulī

discipulum: student; singular masculine accusative from discipulus, discipulī

dixī: I said; 1st person singular perfect from dicō, dicere, dixī, dictum

dixisse: to have said; perfect active infinitive from dicō, dicere, dixī, dictum

dixit: he said; 3rd person singular perfect from dicō, dicere, dixī, dictum

docuit: he taught; 3rd person singular perfect from doceō, docēre, docuī, doctum

dolet: it hurts; 3rd person singular present from doleō, dolēre, dolū

domum: house; singular masculine accusative from domus, domūs

dormivī: I slept; 1st person singular perfect from dormiō, dormire, dormivī, dormitum

dormivimus: we slept; 1st person plural perfect from dormiō, dormire, dormivī, dormitum

dormivisse: to have slept; perfect active infinitive from dormiō, dormire, dormivī, dormitum

dormivistī: you slept; 2nd person singular perfect from dormiō, dormire, dormivī, dormitum

dormivistis: you slept; 2nd person plural perfect from dormiō, dormire, dormivī, dormitum

dormivit: he slept; 3rd person singular perfect from dormiō, dormire, dormivī, dormitum

dubitāre: to doubt; present active infinitive from dubitō, dubitāre, dubitāvī, dubitātum

dubitat: she doubts; 3rd person singular present from dubitō, dubitāre, dubitāvī, dubitātum

duo: two; plural masculine nominative from duo

duōbus: two; plural masculine ablative from duo

duōs: two; plural masculine accusative from duo

ē: from or out of

eā: that; singular feminine ablative from is, ea, id

ea: that; singular feminine nominative from is, ea, id

eadem: the same; plural neuter accusative from idem

ecce: behold

ego: I; singular common nominative from ego

ei: him; singular masculine dative from is, ea, id

eius: his; singular masculine genitive from is, ea, id

enim: for, because

eōrum: their; plural masculine genitive from is, ea, id

erant: they were; 3rd person plural imperfect from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum

ergō: therefore

es: you are; 2nd person singular present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum

esse: to be; present active infinitive from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum

est: he/she/it is; 3rd person singular present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum

estis: you are; 2nd person plural present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum

futūrum  
 et: and  
 etiam: also  
 eum: him; singular masculine accusative from is, ea, id  
 exclāmat: he cries out; 3rd person singular present from  
 exclāmō, exclāmāre, exclāmāvī, exclāmātum  
 excūsāre: to excuse; present active infinitive from excūsō,  
 excūsāre, excūsāvī, excūsātum  
 excūsārī: to be excused; present passive infinitive from excūsō,  
 excūsāre, excūsāvī, excūsātum  
 faciē: face, appearance; singular neuter ablative from faciēs,  
 faciēi  
 faciēs: face, appearance; singular neuter nominative from  
 faciēs, faciēi  
 fallere: to deceive, fool; present active infinitive from fallō,  
 fallere, fefellī, falsum  
 fallitur: she is deceived, fooled; 3rd person singular present  
 from fallō, fallere, fefellī, falsum  
 falsa: false; plural neuter nominative or plural neuter accusative  
 from falsus, falsa, falsum  
 falsum: false; singular neuter accusative from falsus, falsa,  
 falsum  
 familiā: family; singular feminine ablative from familia, familiae  
 familiās: of the family; singular feminine genitive from familia,  
 familiae  
 fert: it carries, bears; 3rd person singular present from ferō,  
 ferre, tuli, lātum  
 fili: son; singular vocative from filius, filiī  
 filiī: son's; singular masculine genitive from filius, filiī  
 filiō: son; singular masculine ablative or singular masculine  
 dative from filius, filiī  
 filius: son; singular masculine nominative from filius, filiī  
 fluit: it flows; 3rd person singular present from fluō, fluere,  
 flūxī, flūxumum  
 fuērunt: they were; 3rd person plural perfect from sum, esse,  
 fui, futūrum  
 fuī: I was; 1st person singular perfect from sum, esse, fui,  
 futūrum  
 fuimus: we were; 1st person plural perfect from sum, esse, fui,  
 futūrum  
 fuisse: to have been; active infinitive from sum, esse, fui,  
 futūrum  
 fuisti: you were; 2nd person singular perfect from sum, esse,  
 fui, futūrum  
 fuistis: you were; 2nd person plural perfect from sum, esse, fui,  
 futūrum  
 fuit: he was; 3rd person singular perfect from sum, esse, fui,  
 futūrum  
 genibus: knees; plural neuter ablative from genu, genūs  
 genua: knees; plural neuter nominative from genu, genūs  
 gerit: he does not bear; 3rd person singular present from gerō,  
 gerere, gessī, gestum  
 hāc: this; singular feminine ablative from hic, haec, hoc  
 haec: these; plural neuter accusative from hic, haec, hoc  
 hahae: Haha!  
 hās: these; plural feminine accusative from hic, haec, hoc  
 hic: this; singular masculine nominative from hic, haec, hoc  
 hoc: this; singular neuter nominative from hic, haec, hoc  
 hodiē: today  
 humī: on the ground; locative from humus, humī  
 humine: on the ground; locative from humus, humī; -ne makes  
 something a question  
 humus: ground; singular feminine nominative from humus, humī  
 ī: go!; singular active imperative from eō, ire, ī, itum  
 iacēns: laying; singular masculine nominative present participle  
 from iaceō, iacēre, iacuī, iacitūrum  
 iacuērunt: they laid; 3rd person plural perfect from iaceō,  
 iacēre, iacuī, iacitūrum  
 iacuī: I laid; 1st person singular perfect from iaceō, iacēre,  
 iacuī, iacitūrum  
 iacuisse: to have laid; perfect active infinitive from iaceō, iacēre,  
 iacuī, iacitūrum  
 iacui: you laid; 2nd person singular perfect from iaceō,  
 iacēre, iacuī, iacitūrum  
 iacuit: he laid; 3rd person singular perfect from iaceō, iacēre,  
 iacuī, iacitūrum  
 iam: now, already  
 iānuam: entrance, door; singular feminine accusative from  
 iānuā, iānuae  
 id: it or that; singular neuter nominative or singular neuter  
 accusative from is, ea, id  
 iīs: them; plural masculine ablative from is, ea, id  
 ille: that; singular masculine nominative from ille, illa, illud  
 illum: that; singular masculine accusative from ille, illa, illud  
 imbrem: rain; singular masculine accusative from imber, imbris  
 improbō: bad; singular masculine ablative from improbus,  
 improba, improbum  
 improbus: bad; singular masculine nominative from improbus,  
 improba, improbum

in: in, on  
 incipe: begin!; singular active imperative from incipiō, incipere,  
 incēpi, inceptum  
 incipit: he begins; 3rd person singular present from incipiō,  
 incipere, incēpi, inceptum  
 indignā: unworthy; singular feminine ablative from indignus,  
 indigna, indignum  
 indignissimum: very unworthy; singular neuter nominative from  
 indignus, indigna, indignum  
 induit: he puts on, clothe; 3rd person singular present from  
 induō, induere, induī, indūtum  
 industrium: industrius; singular masculine accusative from  
 industrius, industria, industrium  
 initiō: beginning; singular neuter ablative from initium, initīi  
 initium: beginning; singular neuter accusative from initium,  
 initīi  
 inquit: he/she says; 3rd person singular present from inquam,  
 inquere  
 intellegēbam: I was understanding; 1st person singular  
 imperfect from intellegō, intellegere, intellēxī, intellēctum  
 intellegit: she understands; 3rd person singular present from  
 intellegō, intellegere, intellēxī, intellēctum  
 inter: during  
 interim: during or meanwhile  
 intrāns: entering; singular masculine nominative present  
 participle from intrō, intrāre, intrāvī, intrātum  
 intrat: she enters; 3rd person singular present from intrō,  
 intrāre, intrāvī, intrātum  
 intrāvisse: to have entered; perfect active infinitive from intrō,  
 intrāre, intrāvī, intrātum  
 intrāvit: he/it entered; 3rd person singular perfect from intrō,  
 intrāre, intrāvī, intrātum  
 ipse: himself or one's self or yourself; singular masculine  
 nominative from ipse, ipsa, ipsum  
 ipsum: one's self; singular masculine accusative from ipse, ipsa,  
 ipsum  
 irātus: angry; singular masculine nominative from irātus, irāta,  
 irātum  
 is: he; singular masculine nominative from is, ea, id  
 ita: thus, in this manner  
 iterum: again  
 Iūli: Julius; singular vocative from Iūlius, Iūliī  
 Iūliī: Julius's; singular masculine genitive from Iūlius, Iūliī  
 Iūlius: Julius; singular masculine nominative from Iūlius, Iūliī  
 laudāti: having been praised; plural masculine nominative  
 perfect participle from laudō, laudāre, laudāvī, laudātum  
 laudātum: having been praised; singular masculine accusative  
 perfect participle from laudō, laudāre, laudāvī, laudātum  
 laudātus: having been praised; singular masculine nominative  
 perfect participle from laudō, laudāre, laudāvī, laudātum  
 laudāvit: he praised; 3rd person singular perfect from laudō,  
 laudāre, laudāvī, laudātum  
 lavat: he washes; 3rd person singular present from lavō, lavāre,  
 lavī, lautum  
 lavātur: he is washed; 3rd person singular present from lavō,  
 lavāre, lavī, lautum  
 legere: to read; present active infinitive from legō, legere, lēgī,  
 lēctum  
 leguntur: they are read; 3rd person plural present from legō,  
 legere, lēgī, lēctum  
 litterās: letters, literature; plural feminine accusative from  
 littera, litterae  
 lūdō: school; singular masculine ablative from lūdus, lūdī  
 lūdōne: school; singular masculine ablative from lūdus, lūdī; -ne  
 makes something a question  
 magister: teacher; singular masculine nominative from  
 magister, magistrī  
 magistrō: teacher; singular masculine ablative from magister,  
 magistrī  
 magistrum: teacher; singular masculine accusative from  
 magister, magistrī  
 magnā: big, large, great; singular feminine ablative from  
 magnus, magna, magnum  
 maior: bigger, greater; singular masculine nominative from  
 magnus, magna, magnum  
 maiōre: bigger, greater; singular masculine ablative from  
 magnus, magna, magnum  
 malī: bad, evil; plural masculine nominative from malus, mala,  
 malum  
 māne: in the morning  
 manibus: hands; plural feminine ablative from manus, manūs  
 manū: hand; singular feminine ablative from manus, manūs  
 manūs: hands; plural feminine nominative or plural feminine  
 accusative from manus, manūs  
 Mārce: Marcus; singular masculine vocative from Mārcus,  
 Mārcī  
 Mārci: Marcus's; singular masculine genitive from Mārcus,  
 Mārcī  
 Mārcō: Marcus; singular masculine ablative or singular

masculine dative from *Mārcus*, *Mārcī*  
*Mārcum*: *Marcus*; singular masculine accusative from *Mārcus*, *Mārcī*  
*Mārcus*: *Marcus*; singular masculine nominative from *Mārcus*, *Mārcī*  
*māter*: mother; singular feminine nominative from *māter*, *mātris*  
*mātrēm*: mother; singular feminine accusative from *māter*, *mātris*  
*mē*: me; singular common accusative from *ego*  
*mea*: my; singular feminine nominative from *meus*  
*meās*: my; plural feminine accusative from *meus*  
*mentīris*: you lie; 2nd person singular present from *mentior*, *mentīrī*, *mentītum*  
*mentītūr*: he lies; 3rd person singular present from *mentior*, *mentīrī*, *mentītum*  
*mī*: my; singular masculine vocative from *meus*  
*mihi*: me; singular common dative from *ego*  
*minimē*: no, not  
*minorem*: smaller; singular masculine accusative from *parvus*, *parva*, *parvum*  
*modō*: way, manner; singular masculine ablative from *modus*, *modī*  
*modō*: only  
*mox*: soon  
*multa*: many, much; plural neuter accusative from *multus*, *multa*, *multum*  
*multō*: many, much; singular neuter ablative from *multus*, *multa*, *multum*  
*munda*: clean; plural neuter nominative from *mundus*, *munda*, *mundum*  
*mundam*: clean; singular feminine accusative from *mundus*, *munda*, *mundum*  
*mundō*: clean; singular neuter ablative from *mundus*, *munda*, *mundum*  
*mundus*: clean; singular masculine nominative from *mundus*, *munda*, *mundum*  
*mūtā*: change!; singular active imperative from *mūtō*, *mūtāre*, *mūtāvī*, *mūtātum*  
*mūtāt*: he changes; 3rd person singular present from *mūtō*, *mūtāre*, *mūtāvī*, *mūtātum*  
*mūtāvistī*: you changed; 2nd person singular perfect from *mūtō*, *mūtāre*, *mūtāvī*, *mūtātum*  
*mūtāvit*: he changed; 3rd person singular perfect from *mūtō*, *mūtāre*, *mūtāvī*, *mūtātum*  
*nam*: for, because  
*nārrā*: narrate!; singular active imperative from *nārrō*, *nārrāre*, *nārrāvī*, *nārrātum*  
*nārrāre*: to narrate; present active infinitive from *nārrō*, *nārrāre*, *nārrāvī*, *nārrātum*  
*nārrāvistī*: you narrated; 2nd person singular perfect from *nārrō*, *nārrāre*, *nārrāvī*, *nārrātum*  
*nāsō*: nose; singular masculine ablative from *nāsus*, *nāsi*  
*nec*: not  
*nesciō*: I don't know; 1st person singular present from *nesciō*, *nescīre*, *nescīvī*, *nescītum*  
*nihil*: nothing; singular nominative from *nihil*  
*nix*: snow; singular feminine nominative from *nix*, *nivis*  
*nōbīs*: us; plural common dative from *ego*  
*nōlī*: don't!; singular active imperative from *nōlō*, *nōlle*, *nōluī*  
*nōn*: not  
*nōndum*: not yet  
*nōnne*: not; -ne makes something a question  
*nōs*: us or we; plural common nominative or plural common accusative from *ego*  
*nostrā*: our; singular feminine ablative from *noster*, *nostra*, *nostrum*  
*nova*: new; singular feminine nominative from *novus*, *nova*, *novum*  
*nullō*: no, none; singular neuter ablative or singular masculine ablative from *nullus*, *nulla*, *nullum*  
*num*: makes something a question  
*nunc*: now  
*Ō*: O (interjection of address)  
*omnēs*: all, every; plural masculine nominative from *omnis*, *omne*  
*omnia*: all, every; plural neuter accusative or plural masculine accusative from *omnis*, *omne*  
*oppugnāvīt*: he attacked; 3rd person singular perfect from *oppugnō*, *oppugnāre*, *oppugnāvī*, *oppugnātum*  
*ōs*: mouth; singular neuter accusative from *ōs*, *ōris*  
*ostendam*: I will show; 1st person singular future from *ostendō*, *ostendere*, *ostendī*, *ostentum*  
*ostendit*: he shows; 3rd person singular present from *ostendō*, *ostendere*, *ostendī*, *ostentum*  
*ōstium*: door; singular neuter accusative from *ōstium*, *ōstiī*  
*parentēs*: parents; plural common nominative from *parēs*, *parentis*  
*parentibus*: parents; plural common dative from *parēs*, *parentis*

*pater*: father; singular masculine nominative from *pater*, *patris*  
*patre*: father; singular masculine ablative from *pater*, *patris*  
*patrem*: father; singular masculine accusative from *pater*, *patris*  
*paulō*: a little  
*pedibus*: feet; plural masculine ablative from *pēs*, *pedis*  
*per*: through, during, by means of  
*pigerrimum*: laziest; singular masculine accusative from *piger*, *pigra*, *pigrum*  
*plūs*: more; singular masculine nominative from *multus*, *multa*, *multum*  
*pōnit*: he puts, places; 3rd person singular present from *pōnō*, *pōnere*, *posuī*, *positum*  
*porcum*: pig; singular masculine accusative from *porcus*, *porcī*  
*porcus*: pig; singular masculine nominative from *porcus*, *porcī*  
*porcusne*: pig; singular masculine nominative from *porcus*, *porcī*; -ne makes something a question  
*possum*: I can; 1st person singular present from *possum*, *posse*, *potuī*  
*post*: after  
*postquam*: after, since then  
*potest*: he/it can; 3rd person singular present from *possum*, *posse*, *potuī*  
*praeter*: besides  
*prāvē*: wrongly  
*prīmum*: first  
*profectō*: certainly  
*propter*: because of  
*prudentem*: prudent, competent; singular masculine accusative from *prūdēs*, *prūdēs*  
*puer*: boy; singular masculine nominative from *puer*, *puerī*  
*puerī*: boys; plural masculine nominative from *puer*, *puerī*  
*puerīs*: boys; plural masculine ablative from *puer*, *puerī*  
*puerō*: boy; singular masculine ablative from *puer*, *puerī*  
*puerōs*: boys; plural masculine accusative from *puer*, *puerī*  
*puerum*: boy; singular masculine accusative from *puer*, *puerī*  
*pugnā*: fight; singular feminine ablative from *pugna*, *pugnae*  
*pugna*: fight; singular feminine nominative from *pugna*, *pugnae*  
*pugnat*: fight; singular feminine accusative from *pugna*, *pugnae*  
*pugnāre*: to fight; present active infinitive from *pugnō*, *pugnāre*, *pugnāvī*, *pugnātum*  
*pugnāverunt*: they fought; 3rd person plural perfect from *pugnō*, *pugnāre*, *pugnāvī*, *pugnātum*  
*pugnāvimus*: we fought; 1st person plural perfect from *pugnō*, *pugnāre*, *pugnāvī*, *pugnātum*  
*pugnāvistis*: you fought; 2nd person plural perfect from *pugnō*, *pugnāre*, *pugnāvī*, *pugnātum*  
*pugnāvit*: he fought; 3rd person singular perfect from *pugnō*, *pugnāre*, *pugnāvī*, *pugnātum*  
*pugnis*: fists; plural masculine ablative from *pugnis*, *pugnī*  
*pugnō*: fist; singular masculine ablative from *pugnis*, *pugnī*  
*pulcherrimās*: very beautiful; plural feminine accusative from *pulcher*, *pulchra*, *pulchrum*  
*pulcherrimē*: very beautifully  
*pulsāre*: to hit; present active infinitive from *pulsō*, *pulsāre*, *pulsāvī*, *pulsātum*  
*pulsat*: he hits or he knocks on; 3rd person singular present from *pulsō*, *pulsāre*, *pulsāvī*, *pulsātum*  
*pulsātum*: having been hit; singular masculine accusative perfect participle from *pulsō*, *pulsāre*, *pulsāvī*, *pulsātum*  
*pulsātus*: having been hit; singular masculine nominative perfect participle from *pulsō*, *pulsāre*, *pulsāvī*, *pulsātum*  
*pulsāverunt*: they hit; 3rd person plural perfect from *pulsō*, *pulsāre*, *pulsāvī*, *pulsātum*  
*pulsāvī*: I hit; 1st person singular perfect from *pulsō*, *pulsāre*, *pulsāvī*, *pulsātum*  
*pulsāvimus*: we hit; 1st person plural perfect from *pulsō*, *pulsāre*, *pulsāvī*, *pulsātum*  
*pulsāvisti*: you hit; 2nd person singular perfect from *pulsō*, *pulsāre*, *pulsāvī*, *pulsātum*  
*pulsāvistis*: you hit; 2nd person plural perfect from *pulsō*, *pulsāre*, *pulsāvī*, *pulsātum*  
*pulsāvit*: he/it hit; 3rd person singular perfect from *pulsō*, *pulsāre*, *pulsāvī*, *pulsātum*  
*pūniri*: to be punished; present passive infinitive from *pūniō*, *pūnire*, *pūnivī*, *pūnitum*  
*pūniti*: having been punished; plural masculine nominative perfect participle from *pūniō*, *pūnire*, *pūnivī*, *pūnitum*  
*putās*: you think; 2nd person singular present from *putō*, *putāre*, *putāvī*, *putātum*  
*quā*: which; singular feminine ablative from *quī*  
*quae*: which or who; singular feminine nominative from *quī* or plural neuter nominative from *quī* or plural neuter accusative from *quis*  
*quam*: as or than  
*quamquam*: although  
*quī*: who; singular masculine nominative from *quī*  
*quid*: what; singular neuter nominative or singular neuter accusative from *quis*

quis: who; singular masculine nominative from quis  
quō: whom; singular masculine ablative from qui  
quod: because or what or which; or singular neuter accusative  
from quī or singular neuter nominative from qui  
quoque: also  
rē: thing; singular feminine ablative from rēs, rēi  
recitante: reciting; singular masculine ablative present  
participle from recitō, recitāre, recitāvī, recitātum  
recitavit: he recited; 3rd person singular perfect from recitō,  
recitāre, recitāvī, recitātum  
rēctē: rightly  
rēctissimē: very correctly  
redit: he returns; 3rd person singular present from redeō,  
redīre, redīvī, reditum  
respondere: to respond; present active infinitive from  
respondeō, respondēre, respondi, responsum  
revertitur: he returns; 3rd person singular present from  
revertor, revertī, reversum  
revertuntur: they return; 3rd person plural present from  
revertor, revertī, reversum  
salūtat: he greets; 3rd person singular present from salūtō,  
salūtāre, salūtāvī, salūtātum  
salūtāvit: he greeted; 3rd person singular perfect from salūtō,  
salūtāre, salūtāvī, salūtātum  
salvē: hail! be well!; singular active imperative from salveō,  
salvēre  
sanguis: blood; singular masculine nominative from sanguis,  
sanguinis  
satis: enough  
scimus: we know; 1st person plural present from sciō, scīre,  
scīvī, scītum  
scit: he knows; 3rd person singular present from sciō, scīre,  
scīvī, scītum  
scribere: to write; present active infinitive from scribō, scribere,  
scripsī, scriptum  
scripserunt: they wrote; 3rd person plural perfect from scribō,  
scribere, scripsī, scriptum  
scripsī: I wrote; 1st person singular perfect from scribō,  
scribere, scripsī, scriptum  
scripsimus: we wrote; 1st person plural perfect from scribō,  
scribere, scripsī, scriptum  
scripsisse: to have written; perfect active infinitive from scribō,  
scribere, scripsī, scriptum  
scripsisti: you wrote; 2nd person singular perfect from scribō,  
scribere, scripsī, scriptum  
scripsistis: you wrote; 2nd person plural perfect from scribō,  
scribere, scripsī, scriptum  
scripsit: he wrote; 3rd person singular perfect from scribō,  
scribere, scripsī, scriptum  
scriptās: having been written; plural feminine accusative  
perfect participle from scribō, scribere, scripsī, scriptum  
scriptum: having been written; singular masculine accusative  
perfect participle or singular neuter nominative perfect  
participle from scribō, scribere, scripsī, scriptum  
sē: him or himself; singular masculine accusative from sē  
sed: but  
sequitur: he/it follows; 3rd person singular present from sequor,  
sequī, sēcūtum  
Sextī: Sextus's; singular masculine genitive from Sextus, Sextī  
Sextō: Sextus; singular masculine ablative from Sextus, Sextī  
Sextum: Sextus; singular masculine accusative from Sextus,  
Sextī  
Sextus: Sextus; singular masculine nominative from Sextus,  
Sextī  
sine: without  
solō: bottom, ground, floor, foundation; singular neuter ablative  
from solum, solī  
solum: bottom, ground, floor, foundation; singular neuter  
nominative from solum, solī  
sōlus: alone; singular masculine nominative from sōlus, sōla,  
sōlum  
sordēs: dirt; plural feminine accusative from sordēs, sordis  
sordida: dirty; plural neuter nominative or singular feminine  
nominative from sordidus, sordida, sordidum  
sordidam: dirty; singular feminine accusative from sordidus,  
sordida, sordidum  
sordidīs: dirty; plural masculine ablative from sordidus, sordida,  
sordidum  
sordidum: dirty; singular neuter nominative or singular  
masculine accusative from sordidus, sordida, sordidum  
sordidus: dirty; singular masculine nominative from sordidus,  
sordida, sordidum  
statim: immediately  
suam: his; singular feminine accusative from suus  
sub: under  
sum: I am; 1st person singular present from sum, esse, fuī,  
futūrum  
sūmpsit: he took up; 3rd person singular perfect from sūmō,  
sūmere, sūmpsi, sūmptum

sumus: we are; 1st person plural present from sum, esse, fuī,  
futūrum  
sunt: they are; 3rd person plural present from sum, esse, fuī,  
futūrum  
suō: her or their; singular masculine ablative from suus  
suum: his; singular masculine accusative from suus  
tabellā: tablet; singular feminine ablative from tabella, tabellae  
tabella: tablet; singular feminine nominative from tabella,  
tabellae  
tabellam: tablet; singular feminine accusative from tabella,  
tabellae  
tabellās: tablets; plural feminine accusative from tabella,  
tabellae  
tam: as, as much or so  
tē: you; singular common accusative or singular common  
ablative from tū  
tenuimus: we held; 1st person plural perfect from teneō, tenēre,  
tenuī, tentum  
tenuit: he held; 3rd person singular perfect from teneō, tenēre,  
tenuī, tentum  
tergum: back, rear; singular neuter nominative from tergum,  
tergī  
tibi: you; singular common dative from tū  
Titō: Titus; singular masculine ablative from Titus, Titī  
Titum: Titus; singular masculine accusative from Titus, Titī  
Titus: Titus; singular masculine nominative from Titus, Titī  
tū: you; singular common nominative from tū  
tuā: your; singular feminine ablative from tuus  
tua: your; singular feminine nominative from tuus  
tum: then  
tūne: you; singular common nominative from tū; -ne makes  
something a question  
tuō: your; singular masculine dative from tuus  
Tusculō: Tusculum (a city in ancient/medieval Rome); singular  
neuter ablative from Tusculum, Tusculī  
tuum: your; singular neuter accusative from tuus  
tuus: your; singular common nominative from tuus  
ubi: where  
ubi: where  
ūmida: humid, wet; plural neuter nominative or singular  
feminine nominative from ūmidus, ūmida, ūmidum  
ūmidis: humid, wet; plural neuter ablative from ūmidus, ūmida,  
ūmidum  
ūnam: one; singular feminine accusative from ūnus, ūna, ūnum  
ūnō: one; singular masculine ablative from ūnus, ūna, ūnum  
ut: as, like  
validior: stronger; singular masculine nominative from validus,  
valida, validum  
validus: strong; singular masculine nominative from validus,  
valida, validum  
verberāti: having been beaten; plural masculine nominative  
perfect participle from verberō, verberāre, verberāvī,  
verberātum  
verberātus: having been beaten; singular masculine nominative  
perfect participle from verberō, verberāre, verberāvī,  
verberātum  
verbis: words; plural neuter ablative from verbum, verbī  
vērē: truly  
vērō: and, but or truly  
vērum: true; singular neuter nominative or singular neuter  
accusative from vērus, vēra, vērum  
vestem: garment; singular feminine accusative from vestis,  
vestis  
vestigia: footprints; plural neuter accusative from vestīgium,  
vestigīi  
vestimenta: clothes; plural neuter nominative or plural neuter  
accusative from vestīmentum, vestīmentī  
vestimentīs: clothes; plural neuter ablative from vestīmentum,  
vestīmentī  
vestis: garment; singular feminine nominative from vestis,  
vestis  
vestra: your; singular feminine ablative from vester  
viā: road, path; singular feminine ablative from via, viae  
vidē: see!; singular active imperative from videō, vidēre, vidī,  
visum  
villam: house; singular feminine accusative from villa, villae  
vincere: to conquer, defeat; present active infinitive from vincō,  
vincere, vicī, victum  
vōbīs: you; plural common dative from tū  
vocābula: words; plural neuter accusative from vocābulum,  
vocābulī  
vocāre: to call; present active infinitive from vocō, vocāre,  
vocāvī, vocātum  
vocāvit: he called; 3rd person singular perfect from vocō,  
vocāre, vocāvī, vocātum  
vōce: voice; singular feminine ablative from vōx, vōcis  
vōcem: voice; singular feminine accusative from vōx, vōcis  
vōs: you; plural common nominative or plural common  
accusative from tū

vōsne: you; plural common nominative from tū; -ne makes  
something a question  
vōx: voice; singular feminine nominative from vōx, vōcis