

# Caput 25: Thēseus et Minōtaurus

Timor mōnstrōrum puerum Rōmānum nōn decet = The fear of monsters does not befit a Roman boy.

aedificātus erat = it had been built

nam eō colōre significātur mors = Because by that color death is signified

Quam ob rem = For what reason

cupidus aurī atque sanguinis = desirous of gold and of blood

Rēx enim Athēniēnsibus male volēbat = The king was an enemy to the Athenians

ūnā cum cēteris Athēniēnsibus = together with other Athenians

Nēmō adhūc per sē viam ē labyrinthō ferentem repperit = No one yet by himself has found a path leading out of the labyrinth.

Auxiliō huius fili hūc ad mē redibis = With this thread's help you will return here to me.

quam prope oblita sum = which I nearly forgot

Brevi nāvis filii in cōspectum vēnit = In a short (time) the son's ship came into his sight

ā: from, out of, by

ab: from, out of, by

abiēns: departing; singular feminine nominative present participle from abeō, abire, abivī, abitum

abiit: it departed; 3rd person singular perfect from abeō, abire, abivī, abitum

abire: to depart; present active infinitive from abeō, abire, abivī, abitum

ac: and

accessit: she approached; 3rd person singular perfect from

accēdō, accēdere, accessi, accessum

Achille: Achilles; singular masculine ablative from Achillēs, Achillis

ad: to, towards

adhūc: still, yet, up-to-now

adiit: he approached; 3rd person singular perfect from adeō,

adire, adivī, aditum

adulēscētēs: young persons; plural common nominative from adulēscēs, adulēscētis

aedificātus: having been built; singular masculine nominative perfect participle from aedificō, aedificāre, aedificāvī, aedificātum

aedificāvit: he built; 3rd person singular perfect from aedificō, aedificāre, aedificāvī, aedificātum

aedificium: building or structure; singular neuter nominative or singular neuter accusative from aedificium, aedificiī

aegaeum: relating to the Aegean Sea; singular neuter nominative from aegaeus, aegaea, aegaeum

Aegei: of King Aegeus; singular genitive from Aegeus, Aegei

Aegeus: King Aegeus; singular nominative from Aegeus, Aegei

Aegēus: Aegean; singular masculine nominative from Aegēus, Aegēa, Aegēum

agere: to do; present active infinitive from agō, agere, egi, actum

agnō: lamb; singular masculine ablative from agnus, agnī

agnus: lamb; singular masculine nominative from agnus, agnī

album: white; singular masculine accusative from albus, alba, album

aliis: other; plural feminine ablative from alius, alia, alium

aliquam: some; singular feminine accusative from aliqui, aliquā, aliquod

aliquō: someone; singular neuter ablative from aliquid

altō: high; singular neuter ablative from altus, alta, altum

altum: high; singular neuter accusative from altus, alta, altum

amābam: I was loving; 1st person singular imperfect from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amābat: she was loving; 3rd person singular imperfect from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amāns: loving; singular masculine nominative present participle from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amāre: to love; present active infinitive from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amāvisse: to have loved; perfect active infinitive from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amāvit: he loved; 3rd person singular perfect from amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum

amicam: friend; singular feminine accusative from amīca, amīcae

amicō: friend; singular masculine ablative from amīcus, amīcī

amicum: friend; singular masculine accusative from amīcus, amīcī

amōrem: love; singular masculine accusative from amor, amōris

amōris: of love; singular masculine genitive from amor, amōris

an: or

annīs: years; plural masculine ablative from annus, annī

annōs: years; plural masculine accusative from annus, annī

ante: before

antequam: before

antiquās: old, ancient; plural feminine accusative from antiquus, antiqua, antiquum

antiqui: old, ancient; singular masculine genitive from antiquus, antiqua, antiquum

arbitrātus: was believing; singular masculine nominative perfect participle from arbitror, arbitrārī, arbitrātum

Ariadna: Ariadne; singular feminine nominative from Ariadna,

Ariadnae

Ariadnā: Ariadne; singular feminine ablative from Ariadna, Ariadnae

Ariadnae: Ariadne's; singular feminine genitive from Ariadna, Ariadnae

Ariadnam: Ariadne; singular feminine accusative from Ariadna, Ariadnae

ascendit: she ascended; 3rd person singular perfect from ascendō, ascendere, ascendī, ascēsum

at: and

Athēnās: Athens; plural accusative from Athēnae

athēniēnsēs: Athenian; plural masculine nominative from athēniēnsis, athēniēse

athēniēnsi: Athenian; singular masculine ablative from athēniēnsis, athēniēse

athēniēnsibus: Athenian; plural masculine ablative or plural masculine dative from athēniēnsis, athēniēse

athēniēnsium: Athenian; plural masculine genitive from athēniēnsis, athēniēse

Athēnis: Athens or in Athens; plural ablative or locative from Athēnae

atque: and

ātra: black, dark; plural neuter accusative from āter, ātra, ātrum

ātris: black, dark; plural masculine ablative from āter, ātra, ātrum

audire: to hear; present active infinitive from audiō, audire, audivī, auditum

audiri: to be heard; present passive infinitive from audiō, audire, audivī, auditum

audivī: I heard; 1st person singular perfect from audiō, audire, audivī, auditum

auri: gold's or of gold; singular neuter genitive from aurum, aurī

autem: however, therefore

auxiliō: help, aid; singular neuter ablative from auxilium, auxiliī

auxilium: help, aid; singular neuter accusative from auxilium, auxiliī

bellō: battle; singular neuter ablative from bellum, bellī

bēstiae: beast's; singular feminine genitive from bēstia, bēstiae

bēstiis: beasts; plural feminine ablative from bēstia, bēstiae

bonum: good; singular masculine accusative from bonus, bona, bonum

brevem: short; singular feminine accusative from brevis, breve

brevi: in a short (time) or short; singular neuter ablative from brevis, breve

caelum: sky; singular neuter accusative from caelum, caelī

capillum: hair; singular masculine accusative from capillus, capillī

caput: head; singular feminine nominative from caput, capitis

cernēbātur: it was being seen, discerned; 3rd person singular imperfect from cernō, cernere, crēvī, crētum

certam: certain; singular feminine accusative from certus, certa, certum

certē: certainly

cēteris: other; plural masculine ablative from cēterus, cētera, cēterum

circum: around

civēs: citizens; plural common accusative or plural common nominative from civis, civis

coepit: she started; 3rd person singular perfect from coepī, coepisse, coepī, coeptum

colōre: color; singular masculine ablative from color, colōris

complūrēs: several; plural feminine accusative or plural masculine nominative from complūrēs

cōnsēdit: he boarded or she ascended; 3rd person singular perfect from cōnsēdō, cōnsēdere, cōnsēdī, cōnsēsum

cōnspectū: sight; singular masculine ablative from cōnspectus, cōnspectūs

cōnspectum: sight; singular masculine accusative from cōnspectus, cōnspectūs

cōnspēxit: she observed; 3rd person singular perfect from cōnspicō, cōnspicere, cōnspēxī, cōnspectum

cōnspicīens: observing; singular masculine nominative present participle from cōnspicō, cōnspicere, cōnspēxī, cōnspectum

cōstituit: he decided; 3rd person singular perfect from cōstituō, cōstituere, cōstitui, cōstitutum  
cōstituitque: she decided; 3rd person singular perfect from cōstituō, cōstituere, cōstitui, cōstitutum; -que adds 'and' in front of a word  
continuō: immediately  
contrā: against  
corpus: body; singular neuter accusative or singular neuter nominative from corpus, corporis  
crēdebam: I was believing; 1st person singular imperfect from crēdō, crēdere, crēdidī, crēditum  
Crēta: Crete; singular feminine ablative from Crēta, Crētae  
Crētam: Crete; singular feminine accusative from Crēta, Crētae  
cruentum: bloody; singular masculine accusative from cruentus, cruenta, cruentum  
cui: which or whom; singular neuter dative from quis or singular neuter dative from quī or singular feminine dative from qui  
cum: when or with  
cupiditatem: desire; singular feminine accusative from cupiditās, cupiditātis  
cupidus: eager, desireous; singular masculine nominative from cupidus, cupida, cupidum  
cupiēbat: she was desiring; 3rd person singular imperfect from cupiō, cupere, cupivī, cupitum  
cupiō: I desire; 1st person singular present from cupiō, cupere, cupivī, cupitum  
cupis: you desire; 2nd person singular present from cupiō, cupere, cupivī, cupitum  
cupivit: he desired; 3rd person singular perfect from cupiō, cupere, cupivī, cupitum  
cūr: why  
currēns: running; singular feminine nominative present participle from currō, currere, cucurrī, cursum  
currum: chariot; singular masculine accusative from currus, currūs  
Daedalō: Daedalus; singular masculine ablative from Daedalus, Daedalī  
dē: from or of  
decet: it is fitting; 3rd person singular present from decet, decēre, decui  
dedit: he gave; 3rd person singular perfect from dō, dare, dedi, datum  
dei: gods; plural masculine nominative from deus, deī  
dēridebat: he was mocking; 3rd person singular imperfect from dērideō, dēridere, dērisi, dērisum  
dēscendit: she descended; 3rd person singular perfect from dēscendō, dēscendere, dēscendi, dēscēsum  
dēserta: having been abandoned; singular feminine nominative perfect participle from dēserō, dēserere, dēserui, dēsertum  
dēsereuit: he abandoned; 3rd person singular perfect from dēserō, dēserere, dēserui, dēsertum  
dēserrunt: they abandon; 3rd person plural present from dēserō, dēserere, dēserui, dēsertum  
dīviditur: it is divided; 3rd person singular present from dīvidō, dīvidere, dīvisi, dīvisum  
dormientem: sleeping; singular feminine accusative present participle from dormiō, dormire, dormivī, dormitum  
dubitō: I doubt; 1st person singular present from dubitō, dubitare, dubitavi, dubitatum  
dūcam: I will lead; 1st person singular future from dūcō, dūcere, dūxi, ductum  
duce: leader; singular masculine ablative from dux, ducis  
ducem: leader; singular masculine accusative from dux, ducis  
dūci: to be led; present passive infinitive from dūcō, dūcere, dūxi, ductum  
dum: while  
dūra: hard; plural neuter nominative from dūrus, dūra, dūrum  
ē: out of  
eadem: the same; plural neuter accusative from idem  
ecce: behold  
edēbat: it was eating; 3rd person singular imperfect from edō, edere, edī, ēsum  
ego: I; singular common nominative from ego  
ei: her; singular feminine dative from is, ea, id  
eius: her or his or it's; singular neuter genitive or singular masculine genitive or singular feminine genitive from is, ea, id  
enim: for, because  
eō: I go or that; singular masculine ablative from is, ea, id or singular neuter ablative from is, ea, id or 1st person singular present from eō, ire, ī, itum  
equōs: horses; plural masculine accusative from equus, equi  
erat: he/she/it was; 3rd person singular imperfect from sum, esse, fui, futūrum  
esse: to be; present active infinitive from sum, esse, fui, futūrum  
est: he/she/it is; 3rd person singular present from sum, esse, fui, futūrum  
et: and  
etiam: also or still  
etiā: even as or even if  
eum: him; singular masculine accusative from is, ea, id  
eundem: the same; singular masculine accusative from idem  
ex: out of  
excitāta: having been woken/stirred up; singular feminine nominative perfect participle from excitō, excitāre, excitāvi, excitatum  
exiēns: going out; singular masculine nominative present participle from exeō, exīre, exivī, exitum  
exīre: to go out; present active infinitive from exeō, exīre, exivī, exitum  
exitum: exit; singular masculine accusative from exitus, exitūs  
expugnāta: having been assaulted; singular feminine nominative perfect participle from expugnō, expugnāre, expugnāvī, expugnatum  
expugnatiōnem: storming, assault; singular feminine accusative from expugnatiō, expugnatiōnis  
expugnāverat: he had assaulted; 3rd person singular pluperfect from expugnō, expugnāre, expugnāvī, expugnatum  
exspectantem: awaiting; singular masculine accusative present participle from exspectō, exspectāre, exspectāvi, exspectatum  
fābulae: story's; singular feminine genitive from fābula, fābulae  
fābulam: story; singular feminine accusative from fābula, fābulae  
fābulamne: story; singular feminine accusative from fābula, fābulae; -ne makes something a question  
fābulās: stories; plural feminine accusative from fābula, fābulae  
facile: easily or easy; singular neuter nominative from facilis, facile  
facit: she does, makes; 3rd person singular present from faciō, facere, feci, factum  
facta: deeds; plural neuter accusative from factum, facti  
factum: having been done, made; singular neuter nominative perfect participle from faciō, facere, feci, factum  
factus: having been done, made; singular masculine nominative perfect participle from faciō, facere, feci, factum  
fēcerat: he had done, made; 3rd person singular pluperfect from faciō, facere, feci, factum  
fēminam: woman; singular feminine accusative from fēmina, fēminae  
fēminās: women; plural feminine accusative from fēmina, fēminae  
fēminis: women; plural feminine dative from fēmina, fēminae  
feram: I will carry, bear; 1st person singular future from ferō, ferre, tuli, lātum  
ferās: wild (beasts); plural feminine accusative from ferus, fera, ferum  
ferent: they will carry, bear; 3rd person plural future from ferō, ferre, tuli, lātum  
ferentem: carrying, bearing; singular feminine accusative present participle from ferō, ferre, tuli, lātum  
ferōci: ferocious; singular neuter ablative from ferōx  
ferre: to bring; present active infinitive from ferō, ferre, tuli, lātum  
filī: thread's; singular neuter genitive from filum, fili  
filiā: daughter; singular feminine ablative from filia, filiae  
filiam: daughter; singular feminine accusative from filia, filiae  
filiū: son's; singular masculine genitive from filius, filiū  
filius: son; singular masculine nominative from filius, filiū  
filum: thread; singular neuter nominative or singular neuter accusative from filum, fili  
finem: end; singular masculine accusative from finis, finis  
forte: by chance  
frātre: brother; singular masculine accusative from frāter, frātris  
frequentibus: frequent; plural masculine ablative from frequēns  
fuerat: he had been; 3rd person singular pluperfect from sum, esse, fui, futūrum  
fugiendum: fleeing; singular masculine accusative future participle from fugiō, fugere, fugi, fugitūrum  
fugientem: fleeing; singular masculine accusative present participle from fugiō, fugere, fugi, fugitūrum  
gerēbat: it was bearing; 3rd person singular imperfect from gerō, gerere, gessi, gestum  
gerō: I carry; 1st person singular present from gerō, gerere, gessi, gestum  
gesserat: it had carried; 3rd person singular pluperfect from gerō, gerere, gessi, gestum  
gladiō: sword; singular masculine ablative from gladius, gladiū  
gladium: sword; singular masculine accusative from gladius, gladiū  
glōriā: glory; singular feminine ablative from glōria, glōriae  
glōriāe: glory's; singular feminine genitive from glōria, glōriae  
glōriam: glory; singular feminine accusative from glōria, glōriae  
Graecōrum: Greek; plural masculine genitive from Graecus, Graeci, Graecum  
habēbat: he was having; 3rd person singular imperfect from

habeō, habēre, habuī, habitum  
 habitābat: he was inhabiting; 3rd person singular imperfect  
 from habitō, habitāre, habitāvī, habitātum  
 haec: these; plural neuter nominative from hic, haec, hoc  
 Hectorem: Hector; singular masculine accusative from Hector,  
 Hectoris  
 hīc: here  
 hīs: these; plural neuter ablative from hic, haec, hoc  
 hoc: this; singular neuter accusative from hic, haec, hoc  
 hodiē: today  
 hominēs: persons; plural masculine accusative or plural  
 masculine nominative from homō, hominis  
 hominibus: persons; plural masculine ablative from homō,  
 hominis  
 hominis: person's; singular masculine genitive from homō,  
 hominis  
 hostem: enemy; singular masculine accusative from hostis,  
 hostis  
 hūc: here  
 huius: of this; singular neuter genitive from hic, haec, hoc  
 humili: low, small, humble; singular neuter ablative from  
 humilis, humile  
 humilia: low, small, humble; plural neuter accusative from  
 humilis, humile  
 iam: now, already  
 iānuā: entrance, door; singular feminine nominative from iānuā,  
 iānuae  
 iānuam: entrance, door; singular feminine accusative from  
 iānuā, iānuae  
 ibi: there, then  
 iēcit: he threw; 3rd person singular perfect from iaciō, iacere,  
 iēcī, iactum  
 igitur: therefore  
 iīs: them; plural masculine ablative from is, ea, id  
 illa: that; singular feminine nominative from ille, illa, illud  
 ille: that; singular masculine nominative from ille, illa, illud  
 illinc: from there  
 illius: of that; singular masculine genitive from ille, illa, illud  
 illō: that; singular neuter ablative from ille, illa, illud  
 illūc: over there  
 illum: that; singular masculine accusative from ille, illa, illud  
 improbi: bad; singular masculine genitive from improbus,  
 improba, improbum  
 in: in, on  
 incipit: she begins; 3rd person singular present from incipiō,  
 incipere, incēpī, inceptum  
 inclūsus: having been enclosed; singular masculine nominative  
 perfect participle from inclūdō, inclūdere, inclūsi, inclūsum  
 inquit: he/she says; 3rd person singular present from inquam,  
 inquere  
 īnsulā: island; singular feminine ablative from īnsula, īnsulae  
 īnsulae: island's; singular feminine genitive from īnsula, īnsulae  
 intellegis: you understand; 2nd person singular present from  
 intellegō, intellegere, intellexi, intellectum  
 inter: among, between  
 interfēcit: he killed; 3rd person singular perfect from interficiō,  
 interficere, interfēcī, interfectum  
 interficere: to kill; present active infinitive from interficiō,  
 interficere, interfēcī, interfectum  
 interim: meanwhile  
 intrāvit: he entered; 3rd person singular perfect from intrō,  
 intrāre, intrāvī, intrātum  
 intuemini: look at!; plural active imperative from intueor,  
 intuērī, intuitum  
 ipse: himself; singular masculine nominative from ipse, ipsa,  
 ipsum  
 ipsius: of one's self; singular feminine genitive from ipse, ipsa,  
 ipsum  
 ipsum: itself; singular masculine accusative from ipse, ipsa,  
 ipsum  
 istās: those; plural feminine accusative from iste  
 ita: thus, in this manner  
 itaque: therefore  
 iussit: he commanded; 3rd person singular perfect from iubeō,  
 iubere, iussi, iussum  
 labyrinthī: maze's; singular masculine genitive from labyrinthus,  
 labyrinthī  
 labyrinthō: maze; singular masculine ablative from labyrinthus,  
 labyrinthī  
 labyrinthum: maze; singular masculine accusative from  
 labyrinthus, labyrinthī  
 labyrinthus: maze; singular masculine nominative from  
 labyrinthus, labyrinthī  
 lacrimis: tears; plural feminine ablative from lacrima, lacrimae  
 laetāmini: rejoice!; plural active imperative from laetor, laetārī,  
 laetātum  
 lītore: beach; singular neuter ablative from lītus, lītoris  
 lītus: beach; singular neuter accusative from lītus, lītoris  
 locūta: was speaking, saying; plural neuter nominative perfect

participle from loquor, loquī, locūtum  
 longum: long; singular neuter accusative from longus, longa,  
 longum  
 loquī: to speak, say; present active infinitive from loquor, loquī,  
 locūtum  
 loquor: I speak, say; 1st person singular present from loquor,  
 loquī, locūtum  
 lupō: wolf; singular masculine ablative from lupus, lupī  
 lupōs: wolves; plural masculine accusative from lupus, lupī  
 maerēbat: she was grieving; 3rd person singular imperfect from  
 maereō, maerere, maerui, -  
 maerent: they grieve; 3rd person plural present from maereō,  
 maerere, maerui, -  
 maereō: I grieve; 1st person singular present from maereō,  
 maerere, maerui, -  
 magis: rather  
 magnā: big, large, great; singular feminine ablative from  
 magnus, magna, magnum  
 magnam: big, large, great; singular feminine accusative from  
 magnus, magna, magnum  
 magnās: big, large, great; plural feminine accusative from  
 magnus, magna, magnum  
 magnō: big, large, great; singular neuter ablative from magnus,  
 magna, magnum  
 magnum: big, large, great; singular neuter nominative from  
 magnus, magna, magnum  
 male: badly  
 māne: in the morning  
 manēre: to remain; present active infinitive from maneō,  
 manere, mānsi, mānsium  
 Mārci: Marcus's; singular masculine genitive from Mārcus,  
 Mārci  
 mare: sea; singular neuter ablative or singular neuter  
 nominative from mare, maris  
 marī: sea; singular neuter ablative from mare, maris  
 mē: me; singular common accusative from ego  
 mea: my; singular feminine nominative from meus  
 mēcum: with me  
 mediō: middle; singular masculine ablative from medius, media,  
 medium  
 meī: my; plural masculine nominative from meus  
 meōs: my; plural masculine accusative from meus  
 meum: my; singular masculine accusative from meus  
 mī: my; singular masculine vocative from meus  
 mihi: me; singular common dative from ego  
 militibus: soldiers; plural masculine ablative from miles, militis  
 Mīnōe: King Minos; singular ablative from Mīnōs  
 Mīnōem: King Minos; singular accusative from Mīnōs  
 Mīnōs: King Minos; singular nominative from Mīnōs  
 Mīnōtaurī: Minotaur's; singular masculine genitive from  
 Mīnōtaurus, Mīnōtauri  
 Mīnōtaurō: Minotaur; singular masculine ablative from  
 Mīnōtaurus, Mīnōtauri  
 Mīnōtaurum: Minotaur; singular masculine accusative from  
 Mīnōtaurus, Mīnōtauri  
 Mīnōtaurus: Minotaur; singular masculine nominative from  
 Mīnōtaurus, Mīnōtauri  
 mirābilēs: marvelous; plural feminine accusative from mirābilis,  
 mirābile  
 misera: miserable; singular feminine nominative from miser,  
 misera, miserum  
 miserrima: very miserable; singular feminine nominative from  
 miser, misera, miserum  
 mittēbantur: they were being sent; 3rd person plural imperfect  
 from mittō, mittere, mīsi, missum  
 modo: only  
 moenia: city walls; plural accusative from moenia, moenium  
 mōnstrābit: it will show; 3rd person singular future from  
 mōnstrō, mōnstrāre, mōnstrāvī, mōnstrātum  
 mōnstrō: monster; singular neuter ablative from mōnstrum,  
 mōnstri  
 mōnstrōrum: of the monsters; plural neuter genitive from  
 mōnstrum, mōnstri  
 mōnstrum: monster; singular neuter nominative from  
 mōnstrum, mōnstri  
 montēs: mountains; plural masculine accusative from mōns,  
 montis  
 morā: delay; singular feminine ablative from mora, morae  
 mors: death; singular feminine nominative from mors, mortis  
 mortem: death; singular feminine accusative from mors, mortis  
 mortis: death's; singular feminine genitive from mors, mortis  
 mortuum: dead; singular neuter accusative from mortuus,  
 mortua, mortuum  
 multīs: many, much; plural feminine ablative from multus,  
 multa, multum  
 multōs: many, much; plural masculine accusative from multus,  
 multa, multum  
 mūrīs: city walls; plural masculine ablative from mūrus, mūrī  
 mūtāre: to change; present active infinitive from mūtō, mūtāre,

mūtāvī, mūtātum  
nam: for, because  
narrā: narrate!; singular active imperative from narrō, narrāre, narrāvī, narrātum  
narrābō: I will narrate; 1st person singular future from narrō, narrāre, narrāvī, narrātum  
narrantur: they are narrated; 3rd person plural present from narrō, narrāre, narrāvī, narrātum  
narrāre: to narrate; present active infinitive from narrō, narrāre, narrāvī, narrātum  
narrātiōnem: story, narration; singular feminine accusative from narrātiō, narrātiōnis  
narrātiōnis: story's, narration's; singular feminine genitive from narrātiō, narrātiōnis  
narrāvit: she narrated; 3rd person singular perfect from narrō, narrāre, narrāvī, narrātum  
nāvem: ship; singular feminine accusative from nāvis, nāvis  
navigābat: he was sailing; 3rd person singular imperfect from navigō, navigāre, navigāvī, navigātum  
navigandum: sailing; singular masculine accusative future participle from navigō, navigāre, navigāvī, navigātum  
navigāvit: he sailed; 3rd person singular perfect from navigō, navigāre, navigāvī, navigātum  
nāvis: ship; singular feminine nominative from nāvis, nāvis  
Naxī: of Naxos (Greek island); singular genitive from Naxos, Naxī  
Naxō: Naxos (Greek island); singular ablative from Naxos, Naxī  
Naxum: Naxos (Greek island); singular accusative from Naxos, Naxī  
nec: not  
necātus: having been killed; singular masculine nominative perfect participle from necō, necāre, necāvī, necātum  
necāverat: he had killed; 3rd person singular pluperfect from necō, necāre, necāvī, necātum  
nece: death; singular feminine ablative from nex, necis  
nece: death; singular feminine accusative from nex, necis  
nēmō: no one; singular common nominative from nēmō  
neque: nor, not either  
nihil: nothing; singular nominative from nihil  
nocte: night; singular feminine ablative from nox, noctis  
nōli: don't!; singular active imperative from nōlō, nōlle, nōlūi  
nōmen: name; singular neuter nominative from nōmen, nōminis  
nōmine: name; singular neuter ablative from nōmen, nōminis  
nōn: not  
nōndum: not yet  
nōnne: not; -ne makes something a question  
novam: new; singular feminine accusative from novus, nova, novum  
nullō: no, none; singular masculine ablative from nullus, nulla, nullum  
nummō: coin; singular masculine ablative from nummus, nummi  
nunc: now  
nūper: recently  
ob: towards, for, because of  
oblīta: was forgetting; singular feminine nominative perfect participle from oblivīscor, oblivīscī, oblivitum  
oblītus: was forgetting; singular masculine nominative perfect participle from oblivīscor, oblivīscī, oblivitum  
oblīvīscere: forget!; singular active imperative from oblivīscor, oblivīscī, oblivitum  
oblīvīscī: to forget; present active infinitive from oblivīscor, oblivīscī, oblivitum  
oblīvīscitur: he forgets; 3rd person singular present from oblivīscor, oblivīscī, oblivitum  
oblīvīscuntur: they forget; 3rd person plural present from oblivīscor, oblivīscī, oblivitum  
occīdam: I will kill; 1st person singular future from occīdō, occīdere, occīdī, occīsum  
occīdit: he killed; 3rd person singular perfect from occīdō, occīdere, occīdī, occīsum  
occīsō: having been killed; singular masculine ablative perfect participle from occīdō, occīdere, occīdī, occīsum  
ōlim: once, formerly, once upon a time  
omnēs: all, every; plural feminine accusative or plural masculine nominative from omnis, omne  
opperīre: wait for!; singular active imperative from opperīor, opperīrī, oppertum  
ōrnātam: having been adorned; singular feminine accusative perfect participle from ōrnō, ōrnāre, ōrnāvī, ōrnātum  
parāta: having been prepared; singular feminine nominative perfect participle from parō, parāre, parāvī, parātum  
parātus: having been prepared; singular masculine nominative perfect participle from parō, parāre, parāvī, parātum  
partēs: parts; plural feminine accusative from pars, partis  
pater: father; singular masculine nominative from pater, patris  
patet: it stands open; 3rd person singular present from pateō, patēre, patui, -  
patrēm: father; singular masculine accusative from pater, patris  
patriae: of the fatherland; singular feminine genitive from patria, patriae  
patriam: fatherland; singular feminine accusative from patria, patriae  
paucis: few; plural masculine ablative from paucus, pauca, paucum  
paulō: a little  
pecūniae: of money; singular feminine genitive from pecūnia, pecūniae  
pecūniam: money; singular feminine accusative from pecūnia, pecūniae  
pecūniōsō: rich; singular masculine ablative from pecūniōsus, pecūniōsa, pecūniōsum  
per: through, during, by means of  
perge: proceed!; singular active imperative from pergō, pergere, perrēxi, perrēctum  
pergit: she proceeds; 3rd person singular present from pergō, pergere, perrēxi, perrēctum  
petīvī: he sought; 3rd person singular perfect from petō, petere, petīvī, petitum  
plūrimās: very many; plural feminine accusative from multus, multa, multum  
pollicentur: they promise; 3rd person plural present from polliceor, pollicēri, pollicitum  
polliceor: I promise; 1st person singular present from polliceor, pollicēri, pollicitum  
pollicitus: was promising; singular masculine nominative perfect participle from polliceor, pollicēri, pollicitum  
portum: harbor; singular masculine accusative from portus, portus  
possum: I can; 1st person singular present from possum, posse, potui  
post: after  
postea: thereafter, later  
postquam: after, since then  
postulāverat: he had demanded; 3rd person singular pluperfect from postulō, postulāre, postulāvī, postulātum  
poterat: it was able; 3rd person singular imperfect from possum, posse, potui  
potest: he can; 3rd person singular present from possum, posse, potui  
praeter: besides  
prima: first; plural neuter accusative from prior  
prīmum: first  
probum: good; singular masculine accusative from probus, proba, probum  
procul: far  
profectus: was departing; singular masculine nominative perfect participle from proficiscor, proficisci, profectum  
proficiscere: depart!; singular active imperative from proficiscor, proficisci, profectum  
prōmissa: promises; plural neuter accusative from prōmissum, prōmissī  
prōmissum: promise; singular neuter accusative from prōmissum, prōmissī  
prope: nearly  
prōspiciēbat: he was looking for; 3rd person singular imperfect from prōspiciō, prōspicere, prōspēxi, prōspectum  
prōspiciēns: looking for; singular feminine nominative present participle from prōspiciō, prōspicere, prōspēxi, prōspectum  
puella: girl; singular feminine nominative from puella, puellae  
puer: boy; singular masculine nominative from puer, puerī  
puerō: boy; singular masculine ablative from puer, puerī  
puerum: boy; singular masculine accusative from puer, puerī  
pugnam: fight; singular feminine accusative from pugna, pugnae  
putāre: to think; present active infinitive from putō, putāre, putāvī, putātum  
quā: in which; singular feminine ablative from quī  
quae: that or which or who; singular feminine nominative from quī or plural neuter nominative from quis or plural neuter accusative from quis  
quaerēns: seeking; singular masculine nominative present participle from quaerō, quaerere, quaesivī, quaesitum  
quaesivī: she sought; 3rd person singular perfect from quaerō, quaerere, quaesivī, quaesitum  
quam: as or how? or which; singular feminine accusative from quī or  
quem: whom; singular masculine accusative from quī  
quī: who; singular masculine nominative from quī or plural masculine nominative from quis or plural masculine nominative from quī  
quia: because  
quid: what; singular neuter nominative from quis  
Quīnte: Quintus; singular vocative from Quintus, Quīntī  
Quīntō: Quintus; singular masculine ablative from Quintus, Quīntī  
Quīntus: Quintus; singular masculine nominative from Quintus, Quīntī  
quis: who; singular masculine nominative from quis

quō: which; singular masculine ablative from quī  
quod: because or which or who; singular neuter nominative from qui or  
quōmodo: how?  
quoque: also  
quotannis: yearly, every year  
rēbus: things; plural feminine ablative from rēs, reī  
reddidērunt: they returned; 3rd person plural perfect from reddō, reddere, reddidī, redditum  
redditum: having been returned; singular neuter nominative perfect participle from reddō, reddere, reddidī, redditum  
redeō: I return; 1st person singular present from redeō, redire, redivī, reditum  
redibis: you will return; 2nd person singular future from redeō, redire, redivī, reditum  
redibō: I will return; 1st person singular future from redeō, redire, redivī, reditum  
rediens: returning; singular feminine nominative present participle from redeō, redire, redivī, reditum  
rēge: king; singular masculine ablative from rēx, rēgis  
regēbat: he was ruling; 3rd person singular imperfect from regō, regere, rēxī, rēctum  
rēgem: king; singular masculine accusative from rēx, rēgis  
regere: to guide; present active infinitive from regō, regere, rēxī, rēctum  
rēgis: king's; singular masculine genitive from rēx, rēgis  
relicta: having been left; singular feminine nominative perfect participle from relinquo, relinquere, reliquī, relictum  
relinquam: I will leave; 1st person singular future from relinquo, relinquere, reliquī, relictum  
relinquere: to leave; present active infinitive from relinquo, relinquere, reliquī, relictum  
reliquit: he left; 3rd person singular perfect from relinquo, relinquere, reliquī, relictum  
rem: thing; singular feminine accusative from rēs, reī  
Remum: Remus; singular masculine accusative from Remus, Remī  
reperiēs: you will find; 2nd person singular future from reperiō, reperire, repperī, repertum  
repperit: he/she found; 3rd person singular perfect from reperiō, reperire, repperī, repertum  
rēs: things; plural feminine accusative from rēs, reī  
respōsum: answer; singular neuter nominative from respōsum, respōsi  
revertar: I will return; 1st person singular future from revertor, revertī, reversum  
revertere: return!; singular active imperative from revertor, revertī, reversum  
rēx: king; singular masculine nominative from rēx, rēgis  
rēxit: he ruled; 3rd person singular perfect from regō, regere, rēxī, rēctum  
rīvum: small stream; singular masculine accusative from rīvus, rīvi  
Rōmāna: Roman; plural neuter accusative from Rōmānus, Rōmāna, Rōmānum  
Rōmānum: Roman; singular masculine accusative from Rōmānus, Rōmāna, Rōmānum  
Rōmulō: Romulus; singular masculine ablative from Rōmulus, Rōmulī  
rūsus: again  
saepe: often  
saevisimō: very savage; singular neuter ablative from saevus, saeva, saevum  
saevo: savage; singular neuter ablative from saevus, saeva, saevum  
saevos: savage; plural masculine accusative from saevus, saeva, saevum  
sanguinis: blood's; singular masculine genitive from sanguis, sanguinis  
saxa: rocks; plural neuter nominative from saxum, saxī  
saxō: rock; singular neuter ablative from saxum, saxī  
saxum: rock; singular neuter accusative from saxum, saxī  
scindēbat: she was tearing; 3rd person singular imperfect from scindō, scindere, scidi, scissum  
sē: him; singular masculine accusative from sē  
sēcūta: was following; singular feminine nominative perfect participle from sequor, sequī, sēcūtum  
sēcūtus: was following; singular masculine nominative perfect participle from sequor, sequī, sēcūtum  
sed: but  
semel: once  
sequere: follow!; singular active imperative from sequor, sequī, sēcūtum  
sequimini: follow!; plural active imperative from sequor, sequī, sēcūtum  
servābō: I will save; 1st person singular future from servō, servāre, servāvī, servātum  
servāre: to save; present active infinitive from servō, servāre, servāvī, servātum  
servāvit: he saved; 3rd person singular perfect from servō, servāre, servāvī, servātum  
sīc: thus, thusly  
sīcut: like  
significāri: to be signified; present passive infinitive from significō, significāre, significāvī, significātum  
significātur: it is signified; 3rd person singular present from significō, significāre, significāvī, significātum  
silentī: being silent; singular feminine ablative present participle from sileō, silēre, siluī  
sine: without  
sōla: alone; singular feminine nominative from sōlus, sōla, sōlum  
solent: they are accustomed to; 3rd person plural present from soleō, solēre, solitum  
sōlis: sun's; singular masculine genitive from sōl, sōlis  
solvit: he loosed; 3rd person singular perfect from solvō, solvere, solvī, solūtum  
sommō: sleep; singular masculine ablative from somnus, somnī  
suam: his; singular feminine accusative from suus  
sum: I am; 1st person singular present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum  
sunt: they are; 3rd person plural present from sum, esse, fuī, futūrum  
suōs: his; plural masculine accusative from suus  
suum: her or his; singular neuter accusative or singular masculine accusative from suus  
Syrā: Syra; singular feminine ablative from Syra, Syrae  
Syrā: Syra; singular feminine nominative from Syra, Syrae  
tacente: being silent; singular feminine ablative present participle from taceō, tacēre, tacuī, tacitum  
tāle: such; singular neuter nominative or singular neuter accusative from tālis, tāle  
tālem: such; singular feminine accusative from tālis, tāle  
tālēs: such; plural masculine nominative from tālis, tāle  
tam: so  
taurī: bull's; singular masculine genitive from taurus, taurī  
taurum: bull; singular masculine accusative from taurus, taurī  
tē: you; singular common accusative from tū  
tempore: time, season; singular neuter ablative from tempus, temporis  
tenebātur: it was being held; 3rd person singular imperfect from teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentum  
terrēbit: it will terrify; 3rd person singular future from terreō, terrēre, terrū, territum  
terribile: dreadful; singular neuter nominative from terribilis, terribile  
terribili: dreadful; singular neuter ablative from terribilis, terribile  
Thēseī: Theseus's; singular neuter genitive from Thēseus, Thēseī  
Thēseō: Theseus; singular neuter ablative or singular neuter dative from Thēseus, Thēseī  
Thēseu: Theseus; singular vocative from Thēseus, Thēseī  
Thēseum: Theseus; singular neuter accusative from Thēseus, Thēseī  
Thēseus: Theseus; singular neuter nominative from Thēseus, Thēseī  
tibi: you; singular common dative from tū  
timeō: I fear; 1st person singular present from timeō, timēre, timuī  
timēre: to fear; present active infinitive from timeō, timēre, timuī  
timidum: fearful; singular masculine accusative from timidus, timida, timidum  
timidus: fearful; singular masculine nominative from timidus, timida, timidum  
timor: fear; singular masculine nominative from timor, timōris  
timōre: fear; singular masculine ablative from timor, timōris  
tot: so many  
trahēns: drawing, hauling; singular masculine nominative present participle from trahō, trahere, trāxī, tractum  
trahunt: they draw, haul; 3rd person plural present from trahō, trahere, trāxī, tractum  
trāxit: he drew, hauled; 3rd person singular perfect from trahō, trahere, trāxī, tractum  
Troīae: Troy's; singular feminine genitive from Troia, Troiae  
Troianum: Trojan; singular masculine accusative from Troianus, Troiāna, Troiānum  
tū: you; singular common nominative from tū  
tum: then  
tunc: then  
turpiter: in an ugly manner  
ūllum: any; singular neuter nominative from ūllus, ūlla, ūllum  
umquam: ever  
ūnā: one; singular feminine ablative from ūnus, ūna, ūnum  
unde: from where?  
urbe: city; singular feminine ablative from urbs, urbis  
urbem: city; singular feminine accusative from urbs, urbis

urbis: city's; singular feminine genitive from urbs, urbis  
 urbs: city; singular feminine nominative from urbs, urbis  
 ut: as, like  
 vehēbantur: they were being carried; 3rd person plural  
 imperfect from vehō, vehere, vēxī, vectum  
 vēla: sails; plural neuter accusative from vēlum, vēlī  
 vēlis: sails; plural neuter ablative from vēlum, vēlī  
 vēlum: sail; singular neuter nominative from vēlum, vēlī  
 vēnerat: he had come; 3rd person singular pluperfect from  
 veniō, venire, vēnī, ventum  
 vēnērunt: they came; 3rd person plural perfect from veniō,  
 venire, vēnī, ventum  
 vēnit: he/it came; 3rd person singular perfect from veniō,  
 venire, vēnī, ventum  
 verbis: words; plural neuter ablative from verbum, verbī  
 vērō: and, but or truly  
 vestem: garment; singular feminine accusative from vestis,  
 vestis  
 viam: path; singular feminine accusative from via, viae  
 vīdit: she saw; 3rd person singular perfect from videō, vidēre,  
 vīdī, visum  
 vir: man; singular masculine nominative from vir, virī  
 virginem: young woman, virgin; singular feminine accusative  
 from virgō, virginis  
 virginēsque: young women, virgins; plural feminine nominative  
 from virgō, virginis; -que adds 'and' in front of a word  
 virgō: young woman, virgin; singular feminine nominative from  
 virgō, virginis  
 virī: man's or men; singular masculine genitive or plural  
 masculine nominative from vir, virī  
 virō: man; singular masculine ablative from vir, virī  
 virum: man; singular masculine accusative from vir, virī  
 vīs: you want; 2nd person singular present from velle  
 vīvēbat: he/it was living; 3rd person singular imperfect from  
 vīvō, vīvere, vīxī, victum  
 vīvōs: alive; plural masculine accusative from vīvus, vīva, vīvum  
 vocātur: it is called; 3rd person singular present from vocō,  
 vocāre, vocāvī, vocātum  
 vocāvit: she called; 3rd person singular perfect from vocō,  
 vocāre, vocāvī, vocātum  
 vōcem: voice; singular feminine accusative from vōx, vōcis  
 volēbat: he was willing; 3rd person singular imperfect from  
 velle  
 volō: I want; 1st person singular present from velle  
 vorābantur: they were being devoured; 3rd person plural  
 imperfect from vorō, vorāre, vorāvī, vorātum  
 vorat: it devours; 3rd person singular present from vorō, vorāre,  
 vorāvī, vorātum  
 vōx: voice; singular feminine nominative from vōx, vōcis  
 vult: she wants; 3rd person singular present from velle